The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JUNE 2, 1873. VOL. LXXXVIII.—NO. 130.

FIRST EDITION.

NEW YORK.

Decision in a Coal Contract Case—Stolen Bonds Identified—Classification of Licenses—The Latest Glory of Central Park.

NEW YORK, May 31, 1873.

The Latest Glory of Central Park.

Bethesda Fountain, the latest glory of Central Park, was publicly unveiled this afternoon in the presence of a very large number of citizens. This work of art was from moulds designed and executed at Rome by Miss Emma Stebbins, daughter of Henry G. Stebbins, President of the Board of Park Commissioners. The design of the fountain was suggested to Miss Stebbins by a passage in the Scripture describing the Pool of Bethesda.

Decision in a Coal Contract Case.

Judge Sedgwick gave an important decision in a coal contract case in the general term today. H. C. Boone and others contracted with the Delaware and Lackawanna Coal Company for a supply of coal. After a few tons were delivered a strike took place at the mines. The delivery was interrupted, and Boone refused to pay for what he received. The company brought suit, pleading the terms of the contract, that storms, disaster or strike exempted them from a strict fulfillment, and the referee decided in their favor. To-day the general term reversed the decision of the Superior Court, deciding that the strike, set up by the company, was not such as was meant in the contract, having been brought on by the plaintiffs themselves.

Classification of Licenses.

The Board of Excise have classified licenses into five grades. The first class, hotels and barrooms, will pay $250 a year; second class, hotels and restaurants, $150; saloons where liquor is sold and drank on the premises, $100; where liquors are sold in quantities less than five gallons, such as drug stores, $60, and ale and beer saloons, $30.

Stolen Bonds Identified.

William A. Walt, cashier of the Glens Falls Bank, visited the District Attorney's office today, and indentified the bonds stolen from his bank. He then made the necessary affidavit that Brady may be indicted by the Grand Jury for bringing stolen property into the county. Seven years in the State prison is the penalty upon conviction.

EX-MINISTER ORR.

His Sickness, Death and Funeral in St. Petersburg.

New York, May 31.—A St. Petersburg letter writer, under date of the 8th instant, sends the following sketch of the sickness, death and funeral services over the remains of the late United States Minister to the court of the Czar:

"The diplomatic career of Governor Orr came to a painful end before it was fairly begun. It is not quite two months since he arrived in St. Petersburg and presented his credentials to the Emperor. He was suffering at the time from a severe cold, contracted during the Atlantic passage, and about a week after his formal installation in his new office he was forced to take to his bed. From that day he did not leave his apartments. The cold settled on his lungs, and afterwards passed to his liver, so that his blood became seriously affected. No serious result was apprehended, however, and on Friday, four days before he died, his friends thought he was slowly yet steadily improving. But on Monday last there was a change, and he died quite suddenly at 2 o'clock. The funeral services were celebrated to-day in the Chapel of the United States American Society. There was no discourse, and the pastor simply read the impressive ritual of the Church of England, and closed with a short prayer. The little chapel was by no means full. There were present a few ladies, English and American, half a dozen American gentlemen in black, and thirty or forty diplomats in their brilliant yet sombre court costumes. The Austrian Ambassador was there, as also the Ministers of Brazil, Italy, Greece and attaches of other Legations, as well as the foreign office. Mr. J. L. Orr, Jr., the solitary family mourner, stood side by side with General Pomutz, consul, who wore the familiar uniform of Brigadier General of the American army. The scene was indescribably sad. After the rector had finished the service the diplomats walked around the coffin and dropped each upon it a little sand. The civilians present did the same, and as the hollow Russian sun broke through the stained windows of the humble church the cortege took up and passed mournfully away. The few Americans in St. Petersburg (there are not above half a dozen families) were very attentive to the unfortunate minister. Since his death they have taken the entire charge of the funeral arrangements. The English friends of the Legation have also been very kind, and the sad circumstances surrounding the case have awakened general sympathy in the diplomatic corps."

THE RIVERS.

Cincinnati, June 1.—River falling; now 15 feet. Arrived—Thompson Dean, St. Louis; Mollie Ebert, Pittsburgh.

Cairo, June 1.—Arrived—Sam. J. Hale, Cincinnati, 9 P. M.; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg, 9; Quickstep, Evansville, 10; Grey Hound, St. Louis; Lady Lee, St. Louis, 10; Keystone, 11; P. W. Strader, Tenness riverer, 3; Colorado, St. Louis, 4; J. H. Bigley, New Orleans, 10. Departed—Mary Houston, New Orleans, 8; Sam. J. Hale, south, 9; Belle of Memphis, Memphis, midnight; Tyrone, Nashville, 1 A. M.; Quickstep, Evansville, 1 A. M.; James Brown, St Louis; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, 7 A. M.; Lady Lee, Red river, 3 P. M.; Strader, St. Louis, 4 P. M.; Colorado, Vicksburg, 6; Grey Hound, Louisville, 6; Bigley, Pittsburgh, 7. River rising. Clear and hot.

Louisville, June 1.—River falling; 7 feet in canal; 5 feet in chute. Clear and warm. Arrived—Pat Rogers and Nick Longworth, Cincinnati; Ed Hobbs, Wheeling; Charley Brown, Pomeroy. Departed—Rogers, canal, Memphis; Hobbs, falls; Alex. Swift, falls. The Henry Probasco, Memphis to Cincinnati, and Thos. Shyrock, from New Orleans to Cincinnati, are expected to pass up to-night. The Longworth leaves for New Orleans to-morrow evening.

Evansville, June 1.—Clear and hot. River fallen twenty inches. Mercury 66 to 80. Up—Thomas Sherlock, 3 P. M.; Florence Lee, 5 A. M.; Arkansas Belle, 7. Down—Morning Star, 2 P. M.; Mary Davage and barges, 3; Lawrence, 4; Phil Sheridan, 4; Bowling Green, 5—all with good trips. Business lively. Receipts large.

St. Louis, June 1.—Arrived—Muscatine, Galena; Johnson, Keokuk; Bee and Barge, New Orleans; Lake Superior, St. Paul; La Belle, Wheeling; City of Chester, Memphis; Bismarck, New Orleans. Departed—Chester, St. Paul. River falling slowly. Clear and warm.

Memphis, June 1.—Clear and hot. The river rose fourteen inches. Arrived—Batesville, White River. Departed—H. S. Turner and Storm, Cincinnati; Capital City, St. Louis; Mary Houston, New Orleans.

WEATHER REPORT.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, June 1, 1873, 1 A. M.

The barometer continues highest over the Middle Atlantic coast. It has fallen northwest of the Ohio valley, with easterly to southerly winds and clear and warmer weather, except from Nebraska to Dakota and Minnesota, where cloudy weather, areas of light rain and fresh to very brisk south-easterly winds have prevailed; partly cloudy weather over the Gulf and South Atlantic States, with areas of light rain along the coast. Otherwise clear weather has continued. The temperature has risen in New England.

Probabilities for To-day.

For New England, clear weather and light to fresh southwesterly to north westerly winds are probable.

For the Middle States and lower lake region, winds gradually shifting to easterly and southerly and clear, warm weather.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, easterly to southerly winds and partly cloudy weather, with possibly areas of light rain on the coast of the former.

From Tennessee to Ohio and the southern portions of Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, southeasterly to southwesterly winds and clear and partly warm weather; north of the latter region, over the upper lakes, Minnesota and Iowa, winds veering to southerly and westerly, generally cloudy weather, and areas of light rain.

Midnight telegraphic reports are generally missing from the stations in Michigan, Kansas, Missouri and the Gulf States.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Turf.

New York, May 31.—The trot between American Girl and Harry attracted a large crowd to Fleetwood Park to-day. American Girl, which was the favorite at the odds of 100 to 60, was the winner, as follows: American Girl, 1, 1, 2, 1; Harry, 2, 3, 1, 2; time, 2:23½, 2:23¼, 2:26¼ and 2:26¾.

Billiards.

Chicago, May 31.—The second match series game of billiards, between Francis Ubassy, the celebrated French expert, and John Bessinger, of this city, was played to-night at Nixon's Amphitheatre, before an audience of 1,500 people. The match was a three-ball game for $250 a side, Ubassy to play 600 to Bessinger 400. Ubassy won the game, the score being: Ubassy 600, and Bessinger 273.

Patent Case Decided.

Cincinnati, May 31.—The patent case of the Paper Bag Company, and Chalfield & Wood against Thomas Nixon, Morris H. Nixon and Wm. and O. Anderson, has had a new hearing, and to-day Judges Swaine, Emmons and Swing decreed in favor of the validity of the patent issued to Rice and Rettie, and that the complainant might recover profits, costs and damages, and that a perpetual injunction be issued.

BOSTON.

Insurance Losses by Friday's Fire.

Boston, May 31.—Among the insurance losses by the fire yesterday are the following: Oriental of Hartford, $10,000; Hamburg of Bremen, $28,000; German-American, New York, $20,000; Manhattan, New York, $15,000; Guardian of New York, $14,000; Amazon, Cincinnati, $10,000; Merchants, New York, $9,500; Brewers and Malters, $15,000; Royal of London, $80,000; Queen's of London, $25,000; North British, $9,500; London Assurance, $20,000; Etna, Hartford, $20,000; Commerce, Albany, $2,500. The Etna had $2,000 on Turner's property on Essex street, on which there was also $1,000 by the Firemen's Fund. J. Rossiee had an insurance of $12,500 in the Lancashire of Liverpool. Millen, Ide & Co. had $5,000 in the American Central, St. Louis, $25,000 in Williamsburg City, and $5,000 in the Fire Association of Philadelphia. J. W. Sackett, dealer in pianos, was insured for $7,500 in the offices represented by Goodrum & Co.; Eliot of Boston, $4,000; American Central, St. Louis, $11,000; North British and Mercantile, $9,500; Firemen's Fund, San Francisco, $10,000; Commerce, Albany, $2,500. Joseph Benair, of 418 Washington street, had $12,000 insurance, equally divided among the Home, Germania and Hanover of New York, and Quincy and Mutual offices. Hawley, Folsom & Martin were insured for $5,000 in the Union and Mutual of Philadelphia, and $5,000 in the Continental.

The Hartford Companies loss $85,000, as follows: Ætna, $30,000; Hartford, $15,000; Phœnix, $14,000; Connecticut, $11,000; Orient, $10,000; National, $8,000.

The losses of some of the New York companies are stated as follows: Republic, $6,000; Exchange, $5,000; Hoffman, $7,500; Clinton, $2,000; Ætna, $12,000; Phœnix, $12,000; Niagara, $9,000.

Ellis, Hollis & Co. estimate the losses of the companies represented by them at about $100,000. The Imperial, of London, had $14,000. An investigation of Chickering's insurance gives $97,000 in all. The Continental, of New York, had $5,000 for Hawley & Folsom, $15,000 for Robert Newman, $30,000 for Emerson, $5,000 for H. F. Miller, and $6,500 to another firm. The North American of New York, among other losses, had a policy of $25,000 in the Brown property on Essex street. G. S. Phelps' office loses the following amounts: Bowers', Milwaukee, $12,500; Citizens', Newark, $10,000; Roger Williams, Providence, $7,500; New York and Yonkers, $2,500.

RELIGIOUS.

General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America.

Philadelphia, May 31.—The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of North America re-assembled this morning. The report of the Committee on Records and Historical Documents of Synods and Presbyteries of the Associate Union was presented; also the report of the Committee on Church Property.

Rev. Edward A. Collier addressed the Assembly, saying the Reformed Church rejoiced in the increase of membership of the United Presbyterians and in their institutions of learning. At the beginning of the year there was a debt on the Foreign Board of $32,500, and now there is enough money in the Treasury to wipe out every cent of the debt.

The Moderator, in reply, invited Mr. Collier to a seat in the Assembly.

Rev. George Patterson and Rev. James Bennett, delegates from the Synod of Canada, were invited to seats, and addressed the Assembly.

Signor Matteo Prochet, President of the Waldensian Church of Italy, was introduced and delivered an address.

The Assembly then took a recess to enable the members to take a drive through Fairmont Park and enjoy a banquet at Belmont.

Ministerial Conference of the New Jerusalem Church.

Cincinnati, O., May 31.—At the morning session of the Ministerial Conference of the New Jerusalem Church, now in session here, a committee was appointed to prepare a new liturgy. The annual address was delivered by Rev. W. H. Benade, of Pittsburgh, on "The authority of Swedenborg."

The afternoon was principally devoted to the discussion of the address.

THE CAPITAL.

Washington, May 31, 1873.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

The internal revenue receipts to-day were $631,011; total for the month, $12,358,107; grand total $106,016,222. The total for the fiscal year thus far is only $3,983,778 less than the estimate of the Commissioner for the entire fiscal year, and the indications are that the receipts during June will make the total at least $8,000,000 in excess of the estimates.

Washington, June 1, 1873.

Bond Purchases and Gold Sales in June.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give notice that during the month of June he will purchase $500,000 in bonds on the first and third Wednesday each, and will sell $2,000,000 in gold on the first and third Thursday each, and $1,500,000 on the second and fourth Thursday each. In all he will sell $7,000,000 in gold and purchase $1,000,000 in bonds.

A Missing Steamer.

New Orleans, May 31.—Nine steamers and several sailing vessels have arrived since Monday, but bring no tidings of the missing steamer George Cromwell, which left New York for New Orleans May 17th. She had a full cargo of assorted merchandize and about fifty souls on board—officers, crew and passengers.

Marine News.

New York, May 31.—The steamers Kronprinz, from Hamburg, and India, from Glasgow, have arrived.

London, May 31.—The steamers Russia, Assyria and Arragon, from New York, have arrived out.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Bradlaugh, who was arrested by Carlists, has been released.

—The North Iowa "Turn-fest" commenced in Dubuque on Saturday.

—Governor Dix, of New York, has signed the civil damages liquor selling bill.

—Dr. Brown, sentenced to ten years in Sing Sing for assaulting Murray, the New York gas bill collector, died in prison on Friday night.

—James West, colored, was convicted in Baltimore on Saturday of the murder of his paramour, Anna Gibson, on the night of March 13th last.

—Three Russian Mennonite Commissioners have arrived in Clifton, Ont., on their way to Manitoba, to determine if that country is fitted for their co-religionists to colonize.

—A farmer named Kreger, in driving home from Independence, Iowa, Friday night, losing the road, was precipitated down a railroad embankment and himself and two horses instantly killed.

—Jno. Spang was killed at Hamilton, Ohio, on Saturday, while uncoupling freight cars on the C. H. & D. R. R. He was thrown upon the track and his head severed from the body. The deceased was forty years old.

—The United States Circuit Court of Connecticut has issued a subpœna for George Francis Train to testify in the Credit Mobilier suits, but he sailed for Europe before the warrant could be served. He goes to Stuttgardt to meet his wife and children.

—The Brooklyn *Eagle* says Mr. Beecher and his friends have determined to take definite action in the whole matter of the Bowen-Tilton-Beecher scandal, and that at a meeting of the Deacons of Plymouth church, on Friday evening, it was resolved to proceed at once with the investigation.

—A young man, supposed to be young Bender, a son of the well-known Kansas murderer, was arrested at West Liberty, Iowa, on Saturday, and a woman, thought to be Mrs. Bender, was arrested at Oxford. There seems to be little doubt as to their identity, both parties being held for further developments.

—Rev. R. S. Nevin, rector of the St. Paul Episcopal Church in Rome, is in New York, and desires twenty thousand dollars needed to complete the first American and first Presbyterian church edifice in Rome. The Americans in Rome have already contributed twenty thousand, and thirty-eight thousand have been subscribed in this country.

—The citizens of St. Joseph, Mo., had a celebration on Saturday over the completion of the iron railroad bridge over the Missouri river at that point. The city was crowded with strangers. One of the features of the occasion was a procession six miles in length. The bridge is pronounced equal in strength and beauty to any on this continent or in the old world.

—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has notified the United States District Attorney in New York that the decision of Judge Blatchford in the "imitation sparkling wine case" is acquiesced in, and that an appeal will not be taken. The main point of the decision was that the manufacturer has the right to inject carbonic acid gas into wine made of grapes grown in the United States without paying tax.

—A Madison dispatch says Assistant Attorney General J. Spooner has given an opinion that the proposed pooling arrangement between the Milwaukee & St. Paul and Chicago & Northwestern railroad companies is contrary to the spirit, if not the letter, of the State law of 1867, and that if such an agreement shall actually be entered into it would be his duty to apply to the Supreme Court for leave to bring an action of quo warranto against these corporations.

—A New Orleans correspondent, writing about the whisky frauds in that city, shows by facts and figures that whisky which pays a tax cannot be manufactured in New Orleans at the present prices without considerable loss, for the excellent reason that all materials must be brought from a distance and pay high rates of transportation. Nevertheless whisky is extensively made there. In two years there has been a falling off of 56,000 barrels in the receipts of western whisky at New Orleans; yet there has been at the same time an increase in the quantity sold in the New Orleans market, notwithstanding which the Government collects a tax upon the manufacture of only about 18,000 barrels, showing that two of every three pay no tax.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

FOREIGN.

Orleanists Seeking an Alliance—The Shah of Persia in Berlin—The Spanish Constituent Cortes Organized—Another Carlist Defeat—Serious Charge Against Monks and Nuns in Mexico.

SPAIN.

Levy Postponed.

Barcelona, May 31.—General Velarde has postponed the enforcement of his levy on the youth of this province.

Railway Trains Stopped by Carlists.

The Carlists continue to intercept railway trains and rob passengers.

The Constituent Cortes Organized.

Madrid, June 1.—The Constituent Cortes assembled yesterday. The session was formally opened by Senor Figueras, President of the Ministry, with a speech, in which he maintained the right of the Spanish people to choose their own government. The Republic, he said, would pursue a policy of order at home. It had no concern with revolution in European States, and was not ambitious of territorial aggrandizement. He promised to abolish slavery in Cuba, as in Porto Rico, and advocated the separation of the Church and State.

The Cortes then organized by electing Senor Orense, a Federal Republican, as its President.

Carlists Defeated.

General Cabriuty, in command of the Government troops, has defeated a force of eight hundred Carlists under Saballs.

Railway Traffic Suspended.

General Valiza has ordered the suspension of railway traffic in the province of Valencia under pain of death.

WEST INDIES.

O'Kelly Sailed for Spain.

Havana, May 31.—O'Kelly sailed to-day for Spain. The authorities furnished him with steerage passage, with the privilege, of which he availed himself, to purchase a ticket to the cabin and its accommodations.

Price, it is reported, will be released to-morrow.

Drought in Porto Rico.

Advices from Porto Rico state that a drought prevails in some parts of the island, and cattle are perishing.

Manumission Indemnity.

The indemnity received for the manumission of slaves will be invested in central plantations.

GERMANY.

The Shah of Persia in Berlin.

Berlin, May 31.—The Shah of Persia arrived here this afternoon. He was received at the railway station by the Emperor, several members of the Imperial family and Bismarck. He was escorted to the palace assigned to him during his sojourn in Berlin by a large body of troops. At the depot and on the streets through which the procession moved there were great crowds of citizens, who enthusiastically welcomed the distinguished visitor.

MEXICO.

Serious Charge Against Monks and Nuns.

Mexico, May 24.—The Governor of Mexico has arrested a number of monks and nuns on a charge of maintaining improper relations in private houses which they occupied in religious communities since the abolition of the convents. The nuns were released, but the monks were held.

FRANCE.

Orleanists Seeking an Alliance.

Paris, May 31.—The Orleanists in the Assembly are seeking an alliance with the Left Centre, having refused to form a coalition with the Legitimists and Bonapartists. The Left Centre, however, decline to entertain their proposition.

THE MODOC WAR.

Captain Jack Still at Liberty.

San Francisco, May 31.—Gen. Davis, accompanied by Fairchild, three soldiers, one correspondent, Bogus Charley, Steamboat Frank, Hooka Jim, and Shack Nasty Jim, returned to Boyle's camp safely from the scout. Bogus Charley, Curley-headed Doctor and other Indians went on an independent scout after Jack. They were expected back to camp yesterday. Several Modocs arrived recently at Fairchild's camp, and are anxious to surrender. The total number of prisoners is nine—one buck, three squaws, and thirty children. Twenty-five remain with Captain Jack, well armed and mounted.

Another Raid on Captain Jack's Retreat.

San Francisco, June 1.—Camp on the banks of Willow Creek, twenty-one miles northwest of Boyle's camp, Tule Lake Peninsula, May 29—7 P. M. The cavalry and artillery commands, and Warm Spring Indians under Col. Green, left Boyd's camp at two o'clock this morning and rode hot haste to clear the lake where Gen. Davis issued special orders for a scout. Bogus Charley, Steamboat Frank, Shack Nasty Jim and Hooky Jim accompanied the expedition, to lead the way to Jack's Willow Creek retreat. They led the troops to a point within a mile of the stronghold.

Jackson's men came across two pickets on a bluff near the creek. They ran them through Jack's retreat. The fleeing Modocs cried out, "run quick, run quick; soldiers are coming." Captain Jackson deployed his skirmishers along the face of the bluff. Though expecting to receive a heavy fire, the men ran to the front like deer. Suddenly the Modocs oversmart with English cried out, "Surrender, surrender; no fight. We want to talk peace; we like peace talk." Boston Charley, the murderer of Rev. Dr. Thomas, came in full view, and was immediately covered by a dozen rifles. Charley offered to surrender, and was allowed to come into camp.

The surprise resulted in the surrender of Boston Charley, Princess Mary, a sister to Captain Jack, Black Jim's woman, five other female Modocs from nine to ninety years of age, and captured seven ponies and mules.

Another Skirmish.

Langell's Valley, May 30—5 A. M.—At six o'clock yesterday morning the troops left Willow Creek camp for a long and decisive scout, and met with admirable success. The Warm Springs trailed the Modocs, and they were surprised by the troops, two hundred and thirty men making a charge on them. Scar-faced Charley, old Schonchin and ten warriors surrendered, and Captain Jack and thirty others decamped.

Return of the Seal Fleet.

Halifax, May 31.—With the exception of a few vessels detained in the ice, the seal fleet has returned to port. The catch amounts to nearly five hundred thousand. A letter from Grand Bank, of April 10th, states that a vessel, supposed to be, from memoranda found on board, the fishing schooner Thorwaldsen, of Gloucester, Mass., drifted, bottom upward, into Dantz Ice Cove on March 28th. The body of a man much decomposed was discovered in the forecastle, but nothing to indicate the fate of others of the crew except the wrecked condition of the vessel.

Butler Oil Field.

James S. Craig has sold a fourth interest in a well at Greece City for $5,000. The well is good for 120 bbls per day.

A new strike was had on the 26th, at a well of Kuhn Hutchison, Morrison and others, on George Campbell farm, near Jamison farm. The strike is a good one.

On the McClellan farm, one and a half miles northeast of Greece City, on Thursday morning of last week, about six o'clock, a boiler located at a well owned by James Quinn, blew up, instantly killing Peter Hegerty, and injuring John Gaily. Hegerty was a married man and has a wife and family living in Brooklyn. Gaily, who was struck on the hand by some of the flying missiles, which tore three of the fingers therefrom, came from Buffalo to the oil region.

The Butler *Citizen* says: We have heretofore noticed this well, above Greece City. From the first striking of oil at it, some months ago, it was among the best in production. But it is differing from the other wells in that the production is largely *increasing* instead of diminishing, as most other wells do. On several days last week, we learn, it flowed the extraordinary amount of *twelve hundred barrels per day*. Is located in Concord township, about two miles northeast of Greece City.

Handsome is, That Handsome Does.

"Mamma, I think our sewing machine must be very nice looking, after all, for our teacher said to-day, that everything was beautiful that was good and useful, and I am sure that our 'Weed' is the most useful thing I ever saw."

"Very true, my little girl, in its way; but what your teacher means is that to be useful and good is so great a blessing that one can bear to be plain-looking. How much better to be prized for character than for a pretty face!"

All the while the 'Weed' was doing its very best on the little frock that was to be ready for the birth-day.

Mr. F. C. Biggert is the agent for the 'Weed,' No 116 Market street.

The Only Company

Offering real estate for sale that combines the ownership of a railroad with real estate, is the Pittsburgh & Castle Shannon R. R. Company. Their railroad having been extended to their property for the express accommodation of purchasers of lots, will be run in their interest exclusively. 3

An Easy Running Machine.

The American Button-hole Overseaming and Family Sewing Machine operates easily, rapidly and elegantly. It works like a charm. See it at James Espy's room, 178 Liberty street.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

Meeting of the General Assembly—The Second and Third Days' Proceedings—The Financial Condition of the Church—Educational Matters—The Publication Interests—The Foreign Missionary Work—The Condition of the U. P. Church—Standing Committees Appointed—The Secret Society Question Up Again.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, now in session in Philadelphia, numbers 200 clerical and lay delegates—according to the roll call of Thursday morning. Rev. J. Y. Scouller, of Xenia, Ohio, is Moderator. Rev. J. T. Cooper, of Allegheny, Stated Clerk, and Rev. A. G. Wallace of New Brighton, Assistant. Among the important items of business of general interest in the proceedings, we note the following.

A memorial from Rev. Dr. S. S. Schmuker, in relation to a general union of the churches, was referred to a special committee, consisting of Rev. J. B. Dales, Rev. Dr. McMaster, Rev. Dr. D. R. Kerr, Rev. Mr. Little, and Elder Getty.

Church Building.—The agent of the Church Building Fund reported receipts from all sources, exclusive of the balance in hand at the beginning of the year, $25,346.62, an increase of $6,435.27 over the preceding year. The contributions of Presbyteries for the loan and general funds have increased $6,143.80. The Sabath schools have contributed $1,134.47. The Canadian year the Board has considered thirty applications from congregations in eighteen Presbyteries asking for aid to the amount of $46,903.50. The appropriations made amounted to $37,551.84. In some cases the work of building has not yet begun; in others it will not be completed for one or two years. The present value of the ground on which the above grants are made is $62,800, and the houses, when all shall be completed, will have cost $230,000, making a total property secured $292,800. During the year $11,592.12 has been received for the loan fund—an increase of $2,558.08. The Synod of Iowa has taken a leading interest in this fund, and is making an earnest effort to raise $86,000—its proportion of $100,000. The receipts of the loan fund have been for 1871, $775; for 1872, $9,034.04; for 1873, $11,592.12; total, $21,301.16.

In the report of the Board of Education shows that the net assets of the fund are $89,084.16, and the net profit of last year's business $6,261.58.

Foreign Missions.—The report of the Board of Foreign Missions states that the missions of the Church are, in the order of their founding, in Syria, India, Egypt and China, with their leading centres at Damascus, in Syria; Sealkote and Gujranwalla, in India; Alexandria and Cairo, in Lower Egypt, and Osaouj, in Upper; and at Canton, in China. In these missions there are 21 stations and out-stations, 15 licensed and ordained American missionaries, 1 printer, 2 physicians 97 native ordained ministers and teachers, 18 churches and 553 communicants, 21 schools and 2,322 scholars. $4,680.24 were contributed by the native churches in Egypt, and there are about $100,000 of mission property. From the press in Egypt 298,000 pages of printed matter, in books, tracts, &c., were issued.

The whole amount in the treasury on entering upon the year, May 1, 1872, was $10,716 26. The amount contributed from all sources during the year ending April 30, 1873, was $50,646.60, of which $3,132.85 were from legacies and $2,423.13 from Sabbath schools, making a total in the treasury of $61,362 89. The amount allowed at the last Assembly for this work was $54,259, but the whole amount actually contributed being only $48,346 85, there is an actual deficit of $5,912.40. The expenditures amounted to $55,164.39, leaving a balance in hand from the whole amount received of $6,192.50—a sum which, it pains the board to say, is not sufficient to meet the actual indebtedness at this time. At the end the year the sum of $3,132.85 was left in legacies to the cause.

The necessities of the Board for the next year will require $74,846.

Home Missions.—The amount of appropriation asked for the coming year by the different presbyteries for Home missionary stations is $48,645. After careful consideration of the requests of the presbyteries all was granted by the Board to the amount of only $38,100, including $3,000 placed at the disposal of the Executive Committee to meet such necessities as may arise during the year. Of the aid granted $11,750 is conditional.

Educational.—The report of the Board of Education states that pecuniary aid has been given during the past year to thirty-six young men. These are under the care of twenty different presbyteries. Twenty-three of them are literary and thirteen theological students. The reports concerning them are all satisfactory. There was in the treasury at the beginning of the past year a balance of $1,572.72; received from presbyteries during the year, $3,524.38, bequests, donations, &c., $789.50. Total receipts during the year, $5,886.10. Expenditures—paid beneficiaries, $4,728.85; other expenses, $462.60. Balance, $699.85. There is still due beneficiaries the sum of $175, leaving an actual balance of $524.85.

Credentials from the following delegates were presented and referred to the Committee on correspondence.

Rev. George Patterson and Rev. James Bennett, from the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of the lower Provinces of the British North America.

Rev. Elias R. Beadle, D. D.; Rev. Robert W. Patterson, and Elder George Junkin, from the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States.

Rev. Edward A. Collier, and Rev. W. H. Gleason, from the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America.

Rev. D. F. Hatten, of the Associate Reformed Synod of the South.

Friday morning the third day, the following standing Committees were appointed.

On Bills and Overtures—Revs. R. B. Ewing, H. Gordon, G. C. Vincent, D. D.; Elders G. Small, Hon. J. Bain, Prof. J. B. Cummins, A. S. Foster.

Judiciary—Revs. J. P. Scott, G. P. Rait, Jno. Conin, D. D.; John McMaster, D. D.; Elders Thomas Galbraith, M. D.; I. P. Cowden.

Narrative of State of Religion—Revs. M. L. Wallace, W. S. Owen, R. K. McKnight; Elders W. C. Hutchinson, W. W. Blair, M. D.

Foreign Missions—Revs. J. Lytle, Joseph McHalton, F. Church, James S. Barr; Elder Henry Harrison.

Home Missions—Rev. William Johnson, Rev. J. H. Brown, Rev. W. M. Gibson; Elders T. A. Robinson, A. B. McCandless, M. D.

Education—Rev. J. M. Waddle, Rev. J. A. Collins, Prof. J. C. Hutchinson; Elders Washington Barard, Aaron Weiss.

Publication—D. W. French, D. D., Rev. J. N. Buchanan, Rev. J. R. Kyle; Elders James L. Murdoch, John Wood.

Freedmen's Mission—S. S. Ralston, D. D., Rev. James McNeal, Rev. W. A. McConnel; Elders S. W. Moorehead, John Larimer.

Church Extension—Rev. D. F. Bonner, Rev. Andrew Renwick, Rev. J. C. Elliott.

Elders—Wm. Glass, A. J. Burgess.

Finance Elders—William Getty, John Templeton, John Brinkerhoff, R. H. Reed, M. D., R. M. McLain.

Sabbath Schools—Rev. D. S. Little, John Williams.

Elders—James Walker, Aaron Boyd.

Statistics—Rev. J. C. Herron, Rev. J. H. Niblack, Rev. S. J. Stewart.

Elders—James Stewart, John Wilie.

Correspondence—J. B. Dales, D. D., D. R. Kerr, D. D., Rev. J. R. Wallace; Elders A. Crampton and John A. Templeton.

Devotional Exercises—Elder Robert T. Elliott, Rev. S. S. White, Rev. I. R. Brittain; Elders A. S. Vincent, James Archey.

Revision—Rev. H. Sturgeon, Rev. J. B. McMichael, Rev. W. A. Mackenzie; Elders Wm. H. Moon, William Patten.

Rev. Andrew Renwick was elected Assistant Clerk.

The credentials of Rev. John Eadie, D.D., LL.D., Professor of Biblical Literature and Exegetical Theology to the United Presbyterian Church, and the Rev. Henry Calderwood, LL.D., Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Edinburgh, a delegate from the United Presbyterian Synod of Scotland, were received.

The Committee on State of Religion states that reports of 45 Presbyteries have come into the hands of the committee. They indicate nothing extraordinary in the history of the church during the past year. Each department of the church has made, however, quiet and steady progress. Several new and promising congregations have been organized, and many feeble ones strengthened. The report treats at length upon the importance of family worship, and states that the chief exceptions to its practice exist in the larger cities and manufacturing districts. The aggregate increase of membership is stated to be 1,682, of whom 170 were baptized on profession of faith. The number and efficiency of Sabath mission schools, is spoken of as especially gratifying. The hindrance to the prosperity of the Church was stated to be within the Church; the low state of Christian life and labour experience occupied by many who bear the Christian name; a prevalent state of worldly mindedness; the cares of life and the deceitfulness of riches; the want of suitable church edifices in many localities; of regular preaching and administration of ordinance; frequent dissolution of pastoral relations; burdensome church debts; and without, the church infidelity in its various phases; influx of an infidel population; circulation of compulsory literature, secret societies, intemperance, and a growing tendency to regard the Sabbath not as a *holy* day, but as a holiday. Another source of discouragement and great loss to the whole church is the shamefully inadequate pecuniary support given to more than one-third of the settled pastors and stated supplies. The names of eleven ministers deceased within the past year are reported. A memorial was received from the Presbytery of Mercer complaining of the want of uniformity in licensing young men to preach the Gospel, and recommending that they shall not be licensed until after the third year of attendance at the Theological Institute.

A memorial was received from a convention of several congregations in the Presbytery of Keokuk, stating that one and a half years ago a society called the Patrons of Husbandry was organized in the northwest, for the protection of that class of laborers who are employed as tillers of the soil, with the object of protecting their interests; that the Society is composed of men and women directly interested in agriculture; that the memorialist's members of the U. P. Church, after a careful scrutiny of the laws governing that Society and of its objects, became members of it; that the Presbytery of Keokuk, in June last, decided that membership in the grange of the Society is contrary to the fifteenth article of the testimony of the U. P. Church concerning secret societies, and inconsistent with membership in the Church, and that the Presbytery has refused to reconsider their decision.

The memorialists therefore appeal to the General Assembly, as the highest church court, for a final decision. Accompanying the memorial are the Constitution and By-laws of the Patrons of Husbandry, and a number of documents explanatory of its objects and methods of attaining them. The memorial was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The death of Rev. Dr. Thomas Beveridge, of North Xenia presbytery, was announced, and a feeling eulogium of the worth and piety of the deceased delivered by Rev. Dr. Cooper. A committe was appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the Assembly upon the bereavement.

FOURTH DAY.

The Assembly re-convened Saturday morning. Rev. J. Y. Scouller, Moderator, opened the session with prayer. After a half hour devoted to religious exercises, the report of the Committee on Old Records and Historical Documents was read. The committee were authorized to draw upon the Clerk of the Assembly for $75 for the purchase of documents relating to the planting and growth of the U. P. Church.

Rev. P. A. Collier, of the Reformed Church of North America, was introduced to the Assembly by Rev. Dr. Dales, and on behalf of the Reformed Synod, greeted the Assembly with Christian salutation, and addressed them at length upon the common subjects of interest to the two bodies.

Revs. Geo. Patterson and James Benbet, Representatives from the Presbyterian Synod of the Lower Provinces of Canada, were also introduced to the General Assembly, and conveyed to its members the fraternal salutations of the Canadian body. Addresses were made by both the delegates, relating the programme of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and the present prosperity.

The Rev. Signor Prochet, President of the Waldensian Church, of Italy, was also introduced and addressed the Assembly in the most elegant English upon the Papal persecutions suffered and outlived by the Vaudois.

The Moderator, Dr. Scouller responded on behalf of the General Assembly to greetings of these religious bodies, and at 12 M. the session adjourned.

ASSOCIATE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Meeting of the Synod at Mansfield, Ohio.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Mansfield, May 30, 1873.

THIRD DAY—FRIDAY.

Synod met and was opened with prayer by the Moderator. Reports were received from the Presbyteries of Clarion, Iowa and Muskingum.

Mr. Ballentine, from the select committee appointed last year to prepare reasons for Thanksgiving, presented a report which was adopted. This communication set forth the important duty of Thanksgiving: For Our Existence; Christ; Means of Grace; The Continued Existence of Our Church State; Temporal Mercies. Synod appointed the second Thursday of November to be observed as a day of thanksgiving.

Messrs. R. F. Sawyer and J. M. Snodgrass were appointed a committee to prepare Reasons for Thanksgiving to be reported next year.

The calls for Mr. Atchinson, lying upon Synod's table, were taken up. The Moderator presented the several calls to Mr. H. S. Atchinson, and those from the congregation of Mansfield and Xenia, Ohio, were by him accepted.

After some further business Synod adjourned, closed with prayer by Mr. Ramsay.

FOURTH DAY—SATURDAY.

Synod met and was opened with prayer by the Moderator.

**The report of the Treasurer of the Board of Home

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MONDAY, JUNE 2, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 95¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 40½f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 113¾.

A REPORT has been current that Russell Errett is being advocated by General Cameron as the successor of Collector Comly, at Philadelphia.

THE Forest County Republican Convention instructed the delegates to the State Convention to support the Hon. Isaac G. Gordon for the Supreme Court.

A SHERIFF'S jury in New York pronounces George Francis Train sane, and he has, consequently, been discharged. Sanity, as pronounced by a New York Sheriff's jury, is of a very questionable sort.

THE fire in Boston is now estimated to have occasioned damage to the amount of about $1,250,000. Were it not for the terrible loss by the great fire, they would be looked upon as something remarkable. As it is, it will not occasion very particular remark.

THE interest taken in the Republican Primary Meetings, of Saturday, was evidenced by the unusually large vote polled. The preliminary canvass, though short, was one of the sharpest that ever marked a local canvass, in our community, and the consequent interest was but the natural outgrowth. Generally, the contest was close, but everywhere decorum prevailed, and there were no unseemly disturbances to mar the record of the day. The result, so far as official returns came in, will be found in our local columns.

THERE is an unnecessary feeling, we think, displayed over the action of the Constitutional Convention, in fixing the salary of its members at two thousand five hundred dollars. The law appropriates five hundred thousand dollars to the expenses of the Convention, leaving its members to fix salaries, and specify the particular items of expense. There was, it is true, a general impression that the salary of members would be limited to one thousand dollars each, but of their right to make the sum larger there is no reasonable doubt. The regular, and laborious members will earn all they will get.

THE National Agricultural Congress at Indianapolis, may be taken as indicating the strength of the Farmers' movement, as well as its general character. Twenty-four States, about two-thirds the entire number, were represented, although the movement has been in progress in some of the States but a brief time. The scope of their operations is partially indicated in the subjects referred to committees. Many of the subjects referred to special committees, are of interest to the farmers alone, such as meteorology and corn crops, horticultural and entomology. Others, however, such as the railway system, the transportation problem, society organization, agricultural colleges, and the public lands, are of interest. The indications are that the farmers are gradually penetrating to the real cause of their difficulties, and that they will, ere long, urge really practical remedies.

SOME curious and interesting information relative to the Venus of Milo has recently been unearthed by a French writer. Whatever of the romantic attaches to the early history of the celebrated statue, it can boast of a later experience equally marvellous. When Paris was being invested by the Germans, much solicitude was felt for the Goddess, and to save her from possible injury, she was coffined and buried. But the building, within whose walls her grave was located, was fired by the Communists, in the closing days of the Commune. The fire nearly destroyed the building, but fortunately the bursting of a water pipe, near which the Venus lay, saved the precious marble from being destroyed by the heat. In replacing her in the Louvre, it was found that by joining the marble as originally intended, a new expression was given to the countenance, very different from that occasioned by the leaning position, formerly secured by means of wooden wedges. A plaster cast was taken in the new position.

CHARLES BRADLAUGH, who is just now running the gauntlet of Carlist clemency, in Spain, is one of the leaders of other Radical Republican element in England. A short time since, this element made an attempt to capture the influence and support of John Bright. It was not, however, a successful venture. At the recent Republican Convention held at Birmingham, of political societies favorable to Republicanism, for the purpose of forming National Republican organization, the Secretary read a letter from Mr. Bright, who had been invited to attend, which closed as follows: "I have no sympathy with the object which gives its name to your club. I prefer to do good in the way of political reform by what I regard as wiser and less hazardous, if a less ambitious method, and, from what we have seen of the past, I think we may gather hope and faith for the future." The sturdy common sense of John Bright seems to keep him clear of the impracticable element that can tear down better than it can build up.

A TABLE, recently published, giving the number of vessels, and their tonnage, of the principal maritime nations, for last year, as compared with 1870, shows that the tonnage of the United States last year was about two-fifths that of Great Britain, whilst it was considerably more than double that of either of the other four nations. Between 1870 and 1872 the tonnage of Great Britain met with the remarkable decrease of over 1,500,000 tons, more than one-fourth its present volume. In the United States the tonnage decreased about 150,000 tons, or one-eighteenth its present volume, although there has been a slight increase of the number of vessels. Says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, commenting on the showing made: "This interesting part of this statement to us is the comparative relations of British and American tonnage. In 1870, the English tonnage was over four and one-half millions in excess of the American, but last year the excess was reduced to less than three and a quarter millions. Our American tonnage is also in larger vessels than the English, although in both countries the average has decreased. Thus, in 1870, the average of the English merchant marine was 301 tons per vessel, whilst in the United States it was 321 tons per vessel. In 1872 this average tonnage had been reduced in England to 285 tons, and in the United States to 321 tons. Possibly this difference may be accounted for in the fact that the coastwise and inland commerce of England requires almost as heavy tonnage as the foreign trade. The tendency in England consequently has been to reduce the average to a greater extent than with us. The reduction in the aggregate tonnage of the two countries does not imply a reduction in the volume of commerce. Old sailing ships go out of existence and their places are supplied by steamers, the latter being of less aggregate tonnage, but capable of doing two or three times the work of the former on account of their swifter movements.

A RIGHT MOVEMENT.

The Presbyterian General Assembly, at Baltimore, of which Rev. Dr. Crosby, of New York, was Moderator, has taken a very commendable course, for the re-establishment of the most fraternal relation with the churches at the South. The resolutions passed by the different branches, or "Schools" of the Church at the time of the war, were declared null and void, unless re-enacted by the joint body. Without raising the question whether the action was as positive as it might have been, the spirit in which it was taken, made it the expression of an earnest wish to resume fraternal relations with the denomination South. This is proper and wise. There is too much need of effort and influence, for the moral renovation of the South, for the great denomination at the North, to withhold their countenance and aid to their brethren at the South. This fact seems to have been fully realized by the General Assembly, and hence its kind and Christianly advance toward the Southern Church. This with the strength given to the missionary finances, formed a fitting close to the Assembly proceedings.

The other denominations have taken active steps toward providing for the religious needs of the South. The Baptists have always been strong in the Southern States, wielding a large influence among both whites and blacks. The Methodists are, as is well known, divided, the Southern States being largely occupied by the M. E. Church, South. Various efforts have been made looking to a union of the Churches, North and South, of that denomination, but so far they have proven failures. A kindly feeling exists, but no union has been formed. The Catholics, immediately after the close of the war, put forth an effort to establish influence over the colored people, but with indifferent success.

Among the several efforts at union, we have seen nothing which has pleased us more than that of the Baltimore General Assembly. The overture, on the part of that body, is complete. The point of difference was the action taken during the war, but which is now repealed. The cordial spirit with which this was done, and the kind, fraternal feeling shown, can have but one result,—that of inspiring a corresponding feeling of fraternity and good will. Working thus in harmony, the united Church ought to accomplish much toward the moral reformation of the South.

MECHANICS' HIGH SCHOOL.

At the last session of the Legislature a bill was passed, which, if given effect in a wise and proper manner, contains the germ of one of the most important educational measures known to our State. As it stands, the bill is vague and general. It provides for the establishment of a Mechanics' High School, but what is meant by the term is not accurately defined. Is it a High School for educating, say in the classics, young mechanics who may not have the wherewithal to provide for their own education? Or is it a High School for teaching mechanical science, an industrial school, or polytechnic institution? If the latter, as we suppose it to be, it is a particularly valuable idea, and should be carried into effect as promptly as possible. A board of nine gentlemen, Governor Hartranft, Mr. Wickersham, Superintendent of Schools, T. J. Bigham and Professor Burt, of this city, being of the number, is provided to locate the institution, and give effect to the law. But $3,000 are provided in the bill,—but we presume this amount is designed to pay the expense of such investigations as may attend the location of the school. Once established, and we judge the Legislature will display toward it a commendable liberality.

So much premised, and we suggest that Pittsburgh can fairly claim the location of the institution within her borders. Already, thirty acres of land have been unconditionally offered, and more will be added, if necessary, for the institution, to be located on. As the law enacted by the State seems to involve some liberality in providing for the erection of buildings, we suggest that a sum equivalent to the value of the land offered,—say $200,000, be raised for the erection of the buildings. If this were done, our claim to the location of this school would assume a tangible form, and could be presented to the attention of the Commission with great force. We have the wealth, the surrounding circumstances, and, we may add, a felt need for such a school. Will it not, pay our citizens to provide the buildings, when the State may be fairly expected to provide the apparatus, and pay the salaries of the professors.

Pittsburgh is, pre-eminently, a practical city. We have few idlers among us,—even our wealthiest citizens continuing to plod on, in business and labor, as they did before affluence crowned their efforts. Our industries, too, are of a nature that require the training of our young men in the sciences, which apply to the industries. So uniform and complex are our iron manufactures, that for young men to enter upon practical duties that await their attention and energy, they need a thorough scientific training. One of the objections we have alleged against the High School, is the prominence it gives to the classics, to Normal Schools, and even to many things that hardly deserve a better title than tom-foolery, where it might be of immediate value, were it to give enough prominence to the applied sciences. It is apparently the utter oblivious of its surroundings, and Boston and New York have been visited for the purpose of gaining ideas, as to what a High School should be,—when a visit to our mills and manufactories, a conversation with some of our more intelligent manufacturers, would have afforded ideas of some practical value. Even the *Chronicle*, careful as it is, is impelled to say of this institution:

It is a pity that the High School has not given that prominence to science as applied in our industrial business and our commercial operations these so eminently deserve. The High School, though professedly a People's College, is not very successful, in that the erroneous principle of co-education of the sexes is followed. Instead of carefully recognizing the differences of the girls and boys in after-years, and adapting the programmes of instruction for either sex, girls are taught for instance surveying and book-keeping!

Still, it is hardly to be expected that the High School, or any other educational institution in our midst, should fully realize the demand in this par icular. We have been impatient, that while we have no substitute in this direction, the High School, which ought, at least, to *attempt* to realize a popular need, should drone along in the old system of teaching, and not seek the new and living forms of usefulness that constantly demand its attention. But if the institution we speak of can be secured to our city we will be content to let it drone on in its prescriptive style.

This aside, and we urge that Pittsburgh, from the nature of its industries, the diversity and character of its manufactures, and the offer of land, valued at $200,000, is entitled to have the proposed Mechanics' High School located in her midst. We hope subscriptions will be offered, which will afford a fair presumption, that the buildings will also be provided by our citizens, in which event, we think we may reasonably expect the most favorable consideration.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE only Democratic paper in Rhode Island, the Providence *Herald*, died on the 21st inst. of inanition.

CONGRESSMAN MAYNARD is a candidate for the next vacancy in the Tennessee Senatorial delegation. Andrew Johnson would also like to have it.

OUTSPOKEN Republicanism in favor of the strongest men as candidates, their selection by the free voice of the masses of the party, is becoming bolder every day among our Republican contemporaries.—*Hartford y State Journal.*

SENATOR FRELINGHUYSEN and Congressman John Hill, of New Jersey, have not taken their back pay, and, the Trenton *Gazette* says, they do not intend to. The Democratic members from the State will now be heard from, if they choose to speak.

GENERAL HECTOR TYNDALE, Joshua L. Hallowell, Joseph A. Clay, John F. Belstering and William C. Ward have accepted the nomination for Sheriff, City Treasurer, Register of Wills, Clerk of Orphans' Court and City Commissioner, tendered to them by the Philadelphia Municipal Reform Convention. The acceptances are made subject to the resolution: "That each nominee of this Convention shall promise in writing to allow nothing but legal fees to be charged in his office, and that he will exert every proper means in his power to procure a law passed placing all public officers upon salaries."

SINGULAR OLD MAN'S DEATH.

Sixteen Hundred Dollars Found in a Chest.

On Wednesday morning last, John Beisheim, a German, who lived in an old log cabin in a ravine in the north-west corner of Butler, says the *Citizen*, was found lying dead in the room. He was known to some of the citizens—was a crippled old man of about 80 years of age, and being supposed poor, or an object of charity, was cared for by some of those who knew him. But on an examination of his hut, after his death, he was found to have about *sixteen hundred dollars*. This was found in a strongly made chest of a very ancient pattern, and supposed to have been brought with him from Germany, many years ago. It had to be broken open, and being searched, the above sum was found: from three to four hundred dollars being in *gold and silver*, mostly gold, some greenbacks, almost useless through dampness of the concealment, and the balance was in notes on some of our citizens to whom he had quietly loaned sums of money. Another singular fact, was the arrival there the day after his death of a son living somewhere in the West, and who, after a long absence, had returned to see his father, but knew nothing of his death until he reached home. We learn he has also two other children in the West. He was decently buried on last Thursday.

Another Railroad in the Wild Cat Region.

We are credibly informed, says the Elk *Democrat* of the 8th inst., that a corps of engineers set out on Monday last, for the purpose of locating a railroad from the mouth of Falls Creek, on the Bennett's Branch road, to Ridgeway, via Rattlesnake, Little Toby and the Clarion. We understand that this is not a preliminary or experimental survey, but a positive location; and will be closely followed by the construction of the road; all this will be done under the auspices of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, who mean business. We assure our readers that this is not idle talk but pleasing reality. Our informant is a gentleman who knows whereof he speaks, and he gave us the positive assurance that the road will be built without delay. The mouth of Falls Creek is five miles east of Reynoldsville, and is distant from Ridgway twenty-eight miles by the route proposed. The great advantages of this route, passing as it does through the immense coal fields of Elk and Jefferson counties, and establishing a direct communication with Pittsburgh and the north-west are at once apparent. Add to this the increased facilities for transportation and travel to and from Brookwayville, Brookville, Reynoldsville and all other points along the route, and the benefits derived become almost incalculable.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A FIRE in Constantinople destroyed fifty houses.

THE spotted fever is what afflicts the Coney Island Railway Company's horses.

THE French Government proposes to abandon the commercial treaty with England.

AN explosion in a colliery near Wigan, England, killed six miners and destroyed much property.

THE stock of flour in Cincinnati in the hands of the receivers, jobbers and millers is 51,198 barrels.

WHITELAW REID acknowledges subscriptions, through him, to the Greeley Statue Fund, to the amount of $10,683.

THE steamship George Cromwell, from New York for New Orleans on the 17th inst., is nearly a week overdue.

REV. MR. BENNERDS, pastor of the Baptist Church at Yonkers, New York, has resigned, to accept the call from the First Baptist Church at Cleveland, Ohio.

THE New York insurance companies lose by the Boston fire seventy-five thousand dollars. The highest amount by any single company is fifteen thousand dollars.

A CHILD with a frog's head was born in Washington county a few days ago. The phenomenon is accounted for by its mother having "a frog in her throat" all through the spring.

AN EFFORT is being made to effect a settlement with the creditors of the late banking house of Bowles Bros., by the payment of fifty per cent. of the indebtedness, free of expense to the creditors.

IT is reported that the Bank of France will advance the funds necessary to complete the payment of the war indemnity, and the evacuation of French territory by German troops will immediately follow.

IT is said that a reward of nearly three hundred thousand dollars is dependent on the extradition of MacDonald, the alleged Bank of England forger, and in whose behalf two writs of *habeas corpus* have been obtained.

OF the 766 registered women of the town at St. Louis 499 entered on a life of shame from choice, 138 from poverty, 39 from family trouble, 53 were seduced, 19 abandoned by their husbands, and 17 traced their downfall to bad company.

THE scientific gentleman who, every spring, resurrects a single toad from his bed of solid rock, will have to take a back seat now, for at Concord, N. H., a man, digging up an old fence post, the other day, discovered a colony of one hundred and forty-two toads snugly stowed away at the bottom of the hole. He does not include in his count one old toad that was thin and rheumatic.

THE French Army List, which has not been published for three years, has recently made its reappearance. The total number of Generals in the army appears to be 581, while the whole number of officers reaches the enormous total of over 22,500, which exceeds the number in the German army by over 5,000. The body of the French army consists of 126 regiments of the line, 4 of Zouaves, 3 of Turcos, 1 foreign legion, and 30 battalions of chasseurs.

JOHN F. HULSEMAN, a gay individual of thirty-three, is in Philadelphia jail charged with stealing $50,000 from the trustful leather merchants of that city. He says he lost all the money backing drinking saloons in Chicago and St. Louis. In the latter city he invested $10,000 in a gin mill, and placed the divorced wife of Mike McCools in charge. It "didn't pay from the start," in fact it never paid, but swallowed up his last cent, at which juncture the detectives succeeded in finding him.

THE Rutland (Vt.) *Herald* tells a short story of a brief widowhood, saying that not many months ago there came into the village of North Adams, Mass., a widow from the hill country, with the remains of her husband for burial. Coming to the grave, a slight wearing lid caused a delay in properly placing the coffin in the ground. So, having shed her tears and made her moans, she left the remains above ground, and went to the minister's house and was married to a new husband before the dead body of the old was covered with earth.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that General Davis has allowed any portion of the surrendered Modocs to be armed and sent in pursuit of Captain Jack is wholly discredited by the Secretary of War and army officers generally. Said recently, it is added, would prevent him from engaging murderers to do the work assigned to the soldiers. The announcement is also made from Washington that the War Department condemns the efforts of the Indian Department to get Santanta and Big Tree released. General Sherman is very plain in his denunciation of the scheme.

A NICE bit of high-toned romance has occurred in St. Louis, quite in the Enoch Arden line, only more so. An Iowa man of family fell into the clutches of the law and was sent to the penitentiary. A sympathetic friend induced his wife to get a divorce and then married her. In the course of time husband No. 1 escaped from prison, sought and found the obdurate object of his affections and persuaded her to elope with him. They fled to St. Louis with about a thousand dollars worth of property belonging to husband No 2, who has pursued and discovered them in that wicked city. The pugilist would make him kill both parties, but he has done nothing of the sort. He has simply brought a replevin suit to recover his property and says he doesn't care a fig about the woman if he can get his ducats back.

OHIO ITEMS.

DURING a funeral procession near Grand Rapids, Wood county, on Monday, a team belonging to a Mr. Foot, engaged in drawing the hearse, became frightened and ran away, upsetting the hearse and throwing the coffin to the ground, in it is feared, fatally injuring Mr. Foot, who was driving at the time of the accident.

MRS. KATE SUMMERS, living in North Georgetown, Columbiana county, last week purchased some strychnine to poison rats. She mixed the strychnine with butter in a cup and placed it in the cupboard. In the evening, her little daughter got hold of the cup to taste some raspberries which had been rebolled, and lived but a few hours afterward.

AT Mansfield, on the Panhandle road, last Thursday, Maggie J. Wilkinson, eleven years old, was crushed to death by a car. She stepped on a side track to watch a freight train go by, when another train backed up, striking and crushing her to death. Her mother who had been injured by a railroad accident, had just arrived at home the day previous.

LAST Thursday Frank Goldcamp, son of John F. Goldcamp, of Iron, was drowned in the river while crossing a raft to get a skiff. The boy was recovered in about an hour. While grappling for the body a woman told them to throw a dirty shirt which the boy had worn into the water, and it would go to where the body was. Sure enough, it floated down about fifty yards and disappeared, and on grappling, the body was found in the place indicated.

ON Friday of last week, a young man named Frank Wilhelm was kicked to death by a horse at his home near Bell's Mills, Stark county. When he jumped on the horse's back the single tree rattled, scaring the horse, and he reared, which caused Wilhelm to slide off to the rear. As he passed down, his legs caught in the breech-band, and he hung with his head on the ground. The horse then kicked him in the head with such force as to throw him into the air several feet, and he fell with great force, striking the hard ground with the back of his head. He gave only one gasp and expired.

PERSONAL.

GOVERNOR JEWELL has informed the President that the accepts the Russian Mission.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON, of Ohio, arrived on the Cuba on Wednesday, after a long tour of Europe.

JONA JORDAN, ninety-six years old, and a soldier of the war of 1812, is an inmate of the Bowling Green, Ky., poor house.

REV. DR. PADDOCK has accepted the Bishopric of Massachusetts, and will probably commence his administration the first of September.

MR. TINSEY, an English capitalist, has bought 2,274 acres of land in the vicinity of Waco, Texas.

MAJ. W. V. RANGER, a photographer of Syracuse, has been selected to accompany the Government expedition to China for the observation of the transit of Venus.

HUGH J. CAMPBELL, McEnery's chief coadjutor in Louisiana, is the son of a Presbyterian preacher and teacher in Athens, Ohio, and has himself taken turns at pedagoguing and pettifogging.

MISS ANNA DICKINSON, as we learn from a reliable pair of lips, is to be married to-day to Senator Allison, of Iowa. This is the way the strong-minded all go whenever the proper opportunity presents.—*St. Louis Republican, May 28.*

It is in the papers that Senator Allison and Miss Neeley, of Burlington, adopted daughter of Senator Grimes, are to be married next month.—*Des Moines Register, May 18.*

If any other newspaper knows any other lady who is to be married to Senator Allison, now is the time to make it public.

New Cure for Insanity.

A new cure for insanity has been discovered. A few days ago a handsome young Irishman, of 24 years, was taken to an insane hospital in New York a raving maniac. He was thrust into one of the cells in the lower part of the building, and with great difficulty pinioned to his bed. He yelled and struggled at such a rate that he was ordered to be put into a straight jacket. The next morning, while the physicians were trying to devise some proper treatment, the warden sent for the young man's sweetheart, and in an hour's time a pretty blue-eyed Irish girl, blushing and laughing, came to the warden and said she guessed she was "the only swateheast Peter had." Slipping into the cell of the madman, she went to his bedside, put her arm about his neck and kissed him. He ceased to struggle and became quiet. She smoothed his forehead, gently stroked his face, and fed him as though he were a child. The hearty warden watched with delight the progress of his remedy, which he called homeopathic. At 6 o'clock, when the rosy little physician kissed her patient good-by, he was as sane as ever he was. The warden now warrants a cure in every case of insanity where the patient has a sweetheart.

DRY GOODS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Some Live Bargains!
AT 37½ CENTS
LADIES' WHITE CORSETS,
ALL SIZES—VERY CHEAP.
NEW HATS AND BONNETS.
P. K. Hats, Gingham Sun Bonnets.
Ribbons, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c.
Face Scarfs, Ruching, Ladies' Neck Wear.
Gloves, Hosiery, Laces, Collars,
Skirts, Bustles, Corsets, &c., &c.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
AT 62½ CENTS—SLIGHTLY SOILED
GENTS' WHITE PIQUE VESTS
AN EXTRA BARGAIN.
A $2.00 GENTS'
Double-Breasted White Pique Vests,
VERY LOW.
Bargains, Bargains, Bargains
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa

DRY GOODS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.
Another fine lot of Extra Heavy
BLACK SILKS!
At $1.50, pure Silk, cheap at $2.50.
Extra value.
Plain and Striped Black Hernanis.
Striped Hernanis and Grenadines, in new colors.
Lawns, Linens, Summer Goods, &c., &c.
Llama Lace Points.
Llama Lace Sacques.
Llama Lace Capes and Collars.
Ladies' & Misses' Summer Suits
Striped, Colored and White, latest styles.
Dolmans, Talmas, &c., &c.
Boys' Summer Suits.
Linen Waists, Jackets, &c., &c.
MOSQUITO NETTING,
IN ALL COLORS.
SOME EXTRA BARGAINS
ON COUNTER AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.
Glove Department.
JOS. HORNE & CO.
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE,
Have just opened an unequaled assortment of
SUMMER GLOVES,
In Silk and Lisle Fabrics,
Being superior in make to any heretofore offered. As shapely and neat-fitting as kid.
Ladies' Taffeta Silk Gloves, 1, 2 and 3 Buttons.
Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves, 1, 2 and 3 Buttons.
Ladies' Round and Square Lisle Thread Gauntlets
Ladies' Oxford and Zenpelian Gloves.
Ladies' White Lisle Gloves.
A Very Choice Line of
Ladies' Fine Calf and Dee Gauntlets, stitched and plain.
Ladies' Gloves from 15c. per pair and upward.
Children's Taffeta Silk Gloves, in white, light and dark colors, 1 and 2 Buttons.
Children's White and Colored Lisle and Thread Gloves, 1 and 2 Buttons.
Children's Lisle Thread Gauntlets.
Children's Gloves from 10c. per pair upward.
Men's Lisle Thread Gloves, plain and basket faced.
Men's Fine Taffeta Silk Gloves.
Men's Leather Driving Gloves.
Men's White Cotton and Lisle Gloves.
Men's Buck Military Gauntlets.
Men's Kid, Dog and Deer Skin Gloves.
Also a full assortment of ALEXANDRE, HARRIS, SEAMLESS, COURVOISIER and other makes KID GLOVES, in all standard and new shades possible to be had, from 1 to 6 Buttons.
RETAIL STORES.
BUSINESS CHANGES.
WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED G. BILDERBACK with us in our business.
PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1873. S. EWART & CO.
S. EWART & CO.,
Tea and Tobacco Dealers
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS
289 LIBERTY STREET.
We invite the attention of buyers to our large and newly selected stock of Groceries.
TEAS AND TOBACCO
Will be leading features of our business, our line will comprise a full list of everything needed in a wholesale and retail Grocery.
DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF KIM BROS. is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of C. KIM. The business of the late firm will be conducted in the old stand by the remaining partners, who will settle all bills of the late firm.
PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1873. LEWIS KIM, GEO. C. KIM, LEWIS C. KIM. my2:3333-7TH.
REMOVAL.
NEW GOODS.
A FULL LINE OF LINEN SUITS.
All the new styles in
Parasols, Dress Goods,
In great variety.
LACE CURTAINS AND MUSLIN QUILTS.
H. J. LYNCH,
No. 96 Market Street.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
MAY, 1873.
SEASON STOCK.
CARPETS,
Choice Styles,
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
PRICES LOW
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue
INSURANCE.
ÆTNA, of HARTFORD, CONN.
CAPITAL, $3,000,000.
Losses Paid in 54 Years - $39,000,000.00
Losses Paid in Past 16 Months - 9,000,000.00
Assets, March 1, 1873 $5,980,867.46
Orient Ins. Co., Assets $ 700,000
Etna Ins. Co., N. Y., " 300,000
Standard Ins. Co., N. Y., " 300,000
Penn Ins. Co., Phil., " 300,000
Alps Ins. Co., Erie, " 350,000
Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co " 35,000,000
S. S. CARRIER,
59 Fourth Avenue.
FIRE CLAY,
WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY FLUES
And Chimney Tops.
HENRY H. COLLINS
133 Second Avenue.

DRY GOODS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
At 6¼c. Black Grenadines, very cheap.
At 12½c. Black Grenadines.
At 8½c. Best Colored Prints.
At 6¼. Bleached Muslin.
AT 11 CENTS,
New Wash Poplins,
SUMMER SHADES, VERY LOW.
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
Housekeeping Goods!
A new and fine stock of
Cornices,
Lace Curtains,
Window Shades,
Netting, &c., &c.
Carpets, Oil Cloths,
Rugs, Mats, &c., &c.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
STOVES, RANGES, &c.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
MILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street
OFFICIAL—PITTSBURGH.
CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, May 21, 1873.
NOTICE.—THE REPORT OF THE Viewers on the construction of the Ann street and Stevenson street sewer has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten days from date. A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the viewers for damages to property and for opening, from Butler street to Forty-fifth street, are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid in thirty days from the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, costs and fees.
THOS. S. BLUEFLOW, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, May 17, 1873. my19
MUNICIPAL HALL, CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, May 29, 1873.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' report on the opening of Bayard street, from Bedford street to Anderson street, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final, unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten days from date.
A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.
my29
MUNICIPAL HALL, CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, May 29, 1873.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' report on the resulting of Spencer avenue, from Lincoln avenue to a point 200 feet east of Homewood avenue, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten days from date.
A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.
my29
CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, May 29, 1873.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Assessment for the construction of Exchange Alley Sewer, from Eighth to Ninth streets, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.
A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.
my30
OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., May 8, 1873.
Notice to Parties Interested.
The report of the viewers on the opening and straightening of Buena Vista street, from Norman to James streets, having been finally confirmed, notice is hereby given, that the assessments for benefits are now due, and payable at the office of the City Treasurer.
If not paid within sixty days from this date, liens will be filed on the unpaid assessments, with interest, costs and fees.
JAMES BROWN, Controller.
my8:m72
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
PROCTER & GAMBLE'S
Mottled German Soap.
This Soap has been sold for more than 18 years. It is Economy to buy it, as it is sold at the price of ordinary soaps and does more washing, harder, with less waste, yet washes easy. You can buy it of your nearest grocer.
This Soap is packed *Honestly. Can you afford to pay for what you do not receive?*
J. R. HUNTER,
Jobber Wholesale Agent.
SOLD BY
Arbuckles & Co., Dilworth Brothers, Watt, Lang & Co., T. C. Jenkins, J. S. Dilworth & Co., Haworth & Dewhurst, S. Ewart & Co., and others.
fe26:116
IMPORTANT
FRENCH
MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Consumption, Chlorosis, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Anemia, Dyspepsia, and Pulmonary Tubercles
RADICALLY CURED
With the Elixir J. P. Bernard, of Paris.
Information and instructions sent (free) to all who desire it.
GENERAL DEPOT.
AD. BERNARD & CO., 62 William Street, P. O. Box 4485. NEW YORK.
Messrs. GEORGE A. KELLY & CO., Druggists, corner First avenue and Wood street, Agents.
MWF
FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS',
97, 99 and 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM, HALL and OFFICE
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
KINDER BLAIR.
PRACTICAL
CONFECTIONER
AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
Nuts, Canned Goods, Ice Cream, &c.,
62 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ORIN N. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
FOR SALE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE—
50 Boxes Western Reserve Cheese.
5 Bushels Choice Dried Peaches.
5 000 Bushels Oats.
For sale by MITCHCOCK, McCHESNEY & CO., Office Upstairs. 349 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS.
WHOLESALE
DEPARTMENT.
Brown Cottons, all grades,
Bleached Cottons, all grades,
Standard Prints, new styles,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans,
Shirting and Furniture Checks,
American and Russian Crashes,
Blue and Brown Drills,
Plain and Barred Poplins, best makes.
DRESS GOODS.
Black Alpacas, Black Poplins,
Colored Alpacas and Poplins,
Corded Alpacas and Poplins,
Shirts and Drawers,
Ribbons and Flowers,
Notions, Gloves,
Hosiery, &c., &c.
BAZAAR PATTERNS.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY
AUCTION SALES.
SUBURBAN HOMES.
AUCTION SALES
For May, 1873.
THE HOMESTEAD BANK
AND
LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
Announces to the public, especially those desiring SUBURBAN HOMES or PROFITABLE REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT, that it will sell at auction as follows, some of the most eligible property in the county, on terms of LIBERALITY AND ADVANTAGE TO PURCHASERS:
NEVER BEFORE EQUALLED
ON MONDAY, MAY 26, AT
North Homestead,
In Twenty-second ward, on Pennsylvania and Connellsville Railroad,
80 Quarter Acres.
ON MONDAY, JUNE 2,
At the new and unique suburb,
HOMESTEAD PARK,
On the Pan Handle road, 2 miles from the end of the proposed Free Bridge at the Point,
500 Exquisite Building Sites,
From a Quarter Acre to 2 Acres each.
ON MONDAY, JUNE 9, AT
HOMESTEAD TERRACE,
On the A. V. R. R. and Wildwood avenue,
240 SPLENDID QUARTER ACRES.
TERMS:
At Homestead, 8 equal annual payments.
At North Homestead, 9 equal annual payments.
At Homestead Park and Homestead Terrace, 10 equal annual payments, all without interest. First payment within 30 days; balance secured by close bond and mortgage.
Purchasers who build on their lots can have their mortgages waived in favor of a preferred mortgage, given to secure a loan to pay for the buildings.
LIFE INSURANCE FREE.
Purchasers who are of proper age, habits and good health will be given a life insurance for the benefit of their wives or children, which in the event of their death will cancel all payments not then due.
For further particulars call at the
HOMESTEAD BANK,
116 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.
apl2-88
Ionia Station Lots,
IN BOROUGH OF VERONA,
On Allegheny Valley Railroad.
TUESDAY MORNING, June 3, at 10 o'clock, will be continued great sale of lots in Verona, Ionia Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, in A. H. Howard Jr.'s plan. These lots are 25 by 100 feet, and are the only ones offered to the public with
Graded Streets and Boarded Walks.
These lots are all situate in the borough of Verona, where are located the workmen and residences of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, which will immediately augment the population of the locality, with all the members of their families, requiring the comforts and conveniences of homes. The more disbursement of wages to these employes of the Valley Road alone will aggregate one-third of a million of dollars per annum, which will enter into active circulation throughout the community of Verona for the daily wants and comforts of a community. Verona borough is only two miles beyond the city line, and is the first possible location for a community beyond Pittsburgh along the Allegheny Valley, where must be necessarily attracted a manufactory now seeking lower and more central facilities. These lots

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. A. HERRON, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather

BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.

GEO. E. ANDERSON, D. B. DAVIDSON, W. R. BROWN, H. W. RANKIN, O. PULLANGER, C. C. MARSH, J. S. MYERS, J. H. ROELAND, M. KENNEDY.

GEO. E. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Buy and sell on commission all kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,

Government Securities,

NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising Guion and Anchor steamships about from or to Liverpool, Queenstown, London, Londonderry and Glasgow.

DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh

SEVEN PER CENT.

Water Loan Bonds.

At Par and Interest,

Free from Taxation

ALSO NO. 1

Municipal and School Bonds,

Bearing Ten (10) per cent. Interest, Payable semi-annually.

We have examined these Bonds carefully, and can recommend them as a safe and paying investment.

Those who have been advised to purchase these Bonds both as a protection against loss, theft and fire, and for greater convenience in collecting the interest, and those who wish to increase their income from investments by exchanging their present securities, will do well to examine the merits of the above Bonds.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, May 31, 1873.

The close of the month finds business improving in almost all departments, and the outlook is good for the near future at least. The demand for money is still comparatively easy, with the banks discounting freely for depositors at from 9 to 11 per cent. There is a steadily increasing supply of available funds in the market. Good business paper is in demand. Local securities are more inquired for than for some weeks past, and we anticipate quite a brisk trade at an early date. There has been considerably more activity manifested in real estate during the latter part of the week. Our advertising columns show a number of very desirable sites on the market.

The New York Bank statement for the week is as follows:

Loans, decrease	$1,887,500
Specie, decrease	1,150,000
Legal tenders, decrease	1,379,400
Deposits, decrease	1,622,800
Circulation, decrease	42,500

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of Bonds and Stocks from the latest advices by telegrah.

	Thursday.	Saturday
Gold	113⅝	113⅝
U. S. 5-20s—1881—coupons.	122¾	122¾
" 5-20s—1862	116¾	116¾
6-20—1864.	116¾	116¾
" 1865	118¼	118¼
" 1865 new.	119¾	119¾
" 1867.	121¾	121¾
" 1868—coupons.	120	120
10-40s.	112¾	112¾
10-40s—coupons.	114¾	114¾
New 5 percents	113¾	113¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central.	101¾	101¾
Erie.	63¾	63¾
B. H. & E.	2¾	2¾
C. C. & I. C.	24¾	24¾
St. Paul	54¾	55¼
Do. preferred	72¾	73¾
Michigan Southern.	90¾	91
Rock Island.	108¾	108¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87¾	87¾
Pacific Mail	41¾	42¼
Western Union Telegraph.	84¾	85
Ohio & Mississippi.	41	41¾
Union Pacific	27¾	27¾
Toledo & Wabash	67¾	68
Adams Express.	93¾	93¾
Wells, Fargo & Co.	93	93¾
American Express	68	68¾
U. S. Express	70¾	70¾
Harlem.	129¾	130
Chicago & Alton	110¾	110¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock in the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penna. Central	55¾	54¾
Readinz	98	97¾
United Cos. of N. J.	123	123
Oil Creek	31¾	31¾
Lehigh Valley	61	61
Philadelphia & Erie	25	25
Pennsylvania Allotments	54¾	54¾
Pittsburgh 58	74	74
Allegheny Valley 7-30	94¾	94¾
Central Transportation	48	48

The Philadelphia market is more active, most large sellers of the sentiment of yesterday have disappeared, and rates for accommodations are steady at 6 per cent. on call, with numerous transactions above and below that figure. Both at bank counter and on the street there is a moderate demand for commercial paper, the best readily placed at 6@7 per cent., and on the street at the legal rate, and at banks in favor of customers.

To-day the Reading Railroad Company will pay the semi-annual interest on its general mortgage 6s, coupon and registered, and also on the gold 6s. The semiannual interest on the first mortgage 6s of the Belvidere and Delaware Railroad matures on the 1st, as does also the interest on the loan bonds of the Camden an Amboy Railroad, on the coupon and registered bonds of 1890 of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, on the bonds of the Pennsylvania and New York Canal and Railroad 7s, and on the Lehigh Navigation bonds of 1872.

In Cincinnati the money markets is quiet and unchanged. The bankers continue to accommodate their customers who offer good mercantile paper at 8@10 per cent. There is an increase in the amount of private capital on the street, and good business paper is credited at 10 per cent. in the open market. Not strictly prime, but good names, sell at a shade higher rate. In the outside brokers' market the rate varies from 10 to 15 per cent. Money on call, 7@8 per cent.

Money on mortgage, good city property, can be had at 10 per cent., one and two years date.

The Boston monetary situation presents no new feature whatever, the course of the market continuing to favor the borrowers. There has marked scarcity of desirable grades of mercantile paper at 6@7 per cent., and sales of gilt-edged are again reported at 6 to-day. Investors seem taken by surprise by the suddenness with which the extreme ease has been developed, and in many instances are content to let their surplus lie idle.

The bulk of business at the Baltimore exchange was done in railroad bonds, only a few small sales being made of City stocks. The only transaction in railroad shares was the sale of 50 Northern Central at 38, ⅛ less than yesterday. Baltimore and Ohio was held at 124, 172⅝ bid,

HOME NEWS.

European Steamship Arrivals Saturday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the

Cardiff line steamer Aragon at Bristol.
Cunard line steamer Russia at Liverpool.
Anchor line steamer Assyria at Moville.

Letters Held for Postage.

Thomas Welch, Glenville, Kentucky, 3c; D. K. Groff, Reading, Pennsylvania, 3c; Thomas R. Hartley, Erie, Pennsylvania, 3c; Vev. P. R. DeCompte, Baltimore, Maryland, 3c; Miss Bettie Reed, Iberia, Ohio, 3c; Miss Mary Roeh, Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, 3c; Charles Westinger, Springfield, Ohio, 3c; J. C. Wales, Foxburg, Pennsylvania, 3c.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—This evening the very prosperous season of this theatre will close with a benefit of the attaches when the drama of "Damon and Pythias" will be presented with a cast of unsurpassing excellence. Messrs Gotthold, Forsberg, Elsser and Irwin being the leading lights. The preparations for the production of this play have been on an immense scale and and it will no doubt prove a fitting close to a brilliant season.

The Weather.

The indications of the last month were not so near the reality as the three previous months, although but little short of it. We would have expected more copious storms, lasting two to three days, which are usual in May, from the immense bodies of ice and snow lying in the northern regions.

But we have made a discovery, in looking back at the records, it is apparent that in long, cold winters N. W. norts and N. E. winds prevail from the 5th to the 20th of May, occasioned by the melting of snow and ice, which begin to move into the Atlantic, thus the heat rushing into the northern regions. As in ordinary or moderate winters, the succeeding springs are fertile with S. E. south and S. W. winds, which being overcharged with vapors, condense into rain. Hence, the storms of the last month were not copious in the discharge of water.

We live to learn. Nature manages her machinery, not for special, but general good. If the storms had been from the east and northeast winds, a sudden backing up after two or three days to the south or north or northwest would inevitably produce a freeze, which might destroy all previous efforts of the farmers.

In May, 1872, we heard the low mutterings and complaints of the gardener, that everything was dried up, death and destruction were in view, about the last of May the thunder storms set in and a fine season was the result.

This year we hear the low mutterings of too wet, cannot get the ploughing done nor the seed in, the nights are cold, nothing grows.

If the southeast, south or southwest winds had prevailed, if the seeds were in, it would have grown, and there would have been abundance of rain, but this would not have done, for we cannot plough nor plant. Nature introduced the northern winds and the cold nights, and has prepared the ground in the most admirable manner, by drying it to a proper state, that the gardner cannot complain.

But if you deprive a man of his liberty, to do, speak, or act wrong, you take away his natural right of free agency, and as of a free Government, the liberty accorded to him by the Constitution.

But we regret to give the indications of the present month, which are contrary to the anticipations of the writer. The preponderating influence is dry; and we would not say there is no danger of the cholera, if in the country. The wheat, hay and potato crop may do well, as far as relates to the weather, although the potato bug is an evil of another character; but as regards the river interests, health, and fall crops, we see no encouragement; but the general events may not be disastrous, as far as providence is concerned.

Record from 26th April to 26th May, cloudy, and variable days eighteen, rain fifteen, clear and fair twelve, thunder two, frosts three, daily thermometer 58, rain fall 6 3-100 inches, river eight feet four inches, winds east, southwest and northwest; four y-one, east, northeast and north thirty-four, south and southeast fifteen, in 90 observations.

Indications to 24th of June, eighteen cloudy and variable days; eleven of rain, twelve of sunshine and fair; a pleasant, dry but hot month.

We do not aim in giving the number of days to be accurate, but to give the general preponderance of either wet or dry weather during the lunar month.

G. A.

MAY 31, 1873.

THE RESULT OF INTEMPERANCE.

A Woman Killed by Falling Down Stairs while in a state of Intoxication—Coroner's Inquest and Verdict—A Place that Needs Attention.

Coroner West, yesterday, held an inquest in the rear of No. 17 Point alley, at the Point, on the body of Margaret McVey, who was found dead in an alley leading from her residence to Point alley, between twelve and one o'clock yesterday morning. From the evidence produced at the inquest, it appears that the woman was seen sitting on the porch in front of her residence talking to the neighbors about eleven o'clock in a very intoxicated condition. About half past twelve o'clock Mr. Michael Dougherty, a resident of the same dwelling, in going through the alley to his house in the rear, found the body of her side in the alley quite dead. It is supposed that she fell down the stairs and thus received the injuries which caused her death, as she could not have received them otherwise.

Dr. Donnelly made a *post mortem* examination, and found that the woman had received a compound fracture of the skull, and that the bone of her right cheek was broken. He gave it as his opinion, that the woman fell down the stairs, and that the concussion of the brain and shock to her nervous system, had caused her death. The jury rendered a verdict "That the deceased, Margaret McVey, came to her death by falling down stairs, said fall fracturing her skull."

The deceased was fifty years of age, a native of Ireland, married, and leaves a husband. She was a woman of very intemperate habits.

GOVERNMENT SITE COMMISSION.

Meeting on Saturday—The Views of Supervising Architect Mullett—The Different Sites Visited.

A. B. Mullett, Esq., Supervising Architect for Government buildings spent Saturday in this city, in conference with the Commissioners in relation to the various sites proposed for the new postoffice, Court House, &c. Mr. Mullett disclaimed any disposition or authority to express a preference for any particular locality; it belonged to the Commissioners subject to the ratification of the Secretary of the Treasury to determine the location. He was very ready to advise and did advise as to the area and topography.

Less than two hundred feet square, or thereabouts, would not do. The building must be separated from all other buildings by streets sixty feet wide; *i. e.*, a street on every side of the building. The immediate site must be level or very nearly so. The character of the ground must admit of a solid foundation, &c., &c. He gave reasons quite conclusive in favor of these respective conditions, which embrace all that in his professional or official capacity, he had anything to do with. The Commissioners were left favorably impressed with the intelligence, candor and courtesy of their visitor, and will now be able to take a new departure in their efforts to unite in the choice of a site that will be at once eligible in its location and fulfill the conditions required by the Act. The probability has gained strength that the sum appropriated is insufficient, and that further legislation must be had before any suitable location can be obtained. Meantime it is significant to know that Mr. Mullett is up to the most sanguine of our citizens in his estimate of the future of Pittsburgh, and will object to any inadequacy in the size and cost of the proposed building.

LOCAL POLITICS.

The Prothonotaryship.

It is rarely that there has been such a pretty fight for the important office of Prothonotary as that which marked the contest of Saturday, and the contestants certainly deserve credit for their energy. Especially was the fight a gallant one on the part of Mr. Kennedy, who came out even better than his friends had anticipated. Entering the canvass without any advantage of official influence or other special outside aid—with nothing but his merits, as known to his friends, to commend him, he succeeded in securing a very heavy delegation in his favor,—so much so that he feels confident of the result. From the returns received, it is evident that no candidate can receive a majority on the first ballot, and the friends of Mr Kennedy claim that with the strength he will develop on that ballot, the advantage will be all in his favor in the Second. Every return received up to the present writing has made him more sanguine—more confident indeed, and unless present appearances are sadly deceptive he will go into the Convention stronger at the outset than he had ever anticipated, and go in to win.

Those who have known him as a civilian as well as those with whom he claims comradeship, by the memories of the old camp ground, will rally to his support, and gave him a vote, that, as an expression of their appreciation of him, was in the highest degree complimentary; and the rest is left to the Convention to-morrow.

The friends of Mr. Kennedy, we think, have not dropped him with the close of the primaries, and have not allowed their certainty of success, to bring about any relaxation in their efforts in his behalf. They will go into to-morrow's convention to work and vote for him first, last, and all the time, and from a knowledge of their own strength, as well as from a knowledge of the strength that will supplement their's after the first ballot, they are as confident of winning as they are of voting at all. **

The Coroner.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

In the two morning papers of Sunday I am credited with having (in one) six delegates, and in the other nine delegates. While I have 26 pledged delegates so far as heard from elected, quite a number of my delegates are credited to McCalium, McCandless and Gracey. I give you the above information so as you can correct the number that may be reported to you as credited to me. Yours, &c.,

W. C. COOK.
Candidate for Coroner.

Market Gardeners

Can secure market farms at the auction sales at Castle Shannon, June 5th. This land is unusually desirable for gardening purposes. Soil very fertile, well watered, favorably and pleasantly located, and will be sold cheap. A free pass over the Castle Shannon Railroad, will be given the purchaser of every garden farm who lives upon his purchase. Pass good for two years. 3

The Only Company

owning and operating a railroad that offers lots for sale is the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon R. R. Co. They will give lot purchasers who build residences on their lots free passes good for two years from date. No other company can offer this great advantage. Attend this sale June 5th. 3

THE PRIMARIES.

The Vote on Saturday.

A Close Fight—Results Not Decisive—All the Candidates Yet Hopeful—The Returns as Officially Received—Blissful Uncertainty Still—Figuring Up Without Satisfaction—Preparing for To-morrow.

Saturday was a Red Letter day in politics, being signalized by the Republican primary elections, in anticipation of which so much has been said and done, particularly during the past fortnight. From the activity of the preliminary canvass a pretty interesting contest was expected, but the result was rather in advance of all previously formed ideas, and indicated that the interest in the matter was unusual, and that somebody had been doing an unprecedented amount of "work" before the time for the meetings came.

The polls were opened promptly at four o'clock, and the officers of the election were kept busy from that hour until seven in the evening. Considerable excitement prevailed in some of the wards—the feeling being almost as high as that which generally characterizes a State canvass—yet so far as could be ascertained there were no disturbances, and a peace policy was maintained throughout. Undoubtedly the mild and genial state of the weather had much to do with the placid influence that prevailed around the polls, for the day was one of the most pleasant character for outdoor operations—one of the most bright and beautiful of Maytime.

The contest in some of the wards was very close, as has been said, and some idea of the rivalry may be gathered from the fact that, in a number of instances, the defeated delegates only fell behind one or two votes, and that in no case was the majority large. Of the result, the only certainty seems to be that it was not decisive. Commencing with the Judgeships, and on down through the list,—the candidates, all are as hopeful as before the elections were held. The friends of the different candidates are quite jubilant over the result, no one acknowledging defeat; so that one hears, confidentially, that Hampton has won, and in the next breath is assured that Negley has "made the riffle," while another whisper is to the effect that "Ewing has things all right." It is ditto as to White and Fetterman. The same blissful uncertainty exists as to the Senatorship, for although the Anderson men were exultant last night, there were no indications of dropping many of the adherents of Jeremy, and they say he will go into the Convention to win. Then there is the Prothonotary, for which Ross claims to be ahead. Kennedy's friends, however, contend that it is too soon to count on that, and that while no one will be chosen to-morrow on the first ballot, the second will show their favorite, the winning man. The Coronership is also in doubt—so far as the claimants of the candidacy are concerned, but there does seem to be something approaching to a decision here, and the indications rather favor McCallin as the coming man. On the Legislative ticket, the same "figuring" is done, and the candidates of both parties manifest skill in computing returns favorable to themselves—that would cause Euclid—if he could figure on a modern political contest—to hang his head in shame at his deficiency in arithmetical lore.

The figures, however, which have been received thus far, do not very satisfactorily assist in the settlement of the matter, and that work can only be done by the Conventions to-morrow. Of course causes of enthusiasm, low, but positive are to effect great things, and certainly if these rumors have any substantial basis, some of the candidates who are now jubilant will have less cause for rejoicing on Wednesday. However, the combinations that may be affected matters just now and the result of the Conventions alone, will determine whether they were made, how strong they were and who suffered. Till then our readers may find the returns, as appended, interesting reading.

Pittsburgh.

FIRST WARD.

Judicial—James Rees, for Hampton and Fetterman.

Legislative—David Campbell, for Anderson and McCormick.

Prothonotary—George Wilson, for Ross.
Coroner—Fred. Jacobs, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Fred. Schild, for Beckert.

SECOND WARD.

Judicial—E. House, for Ewing.
Legislature—D. E. Millikin, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—W. J. Caskey.
Coroner—James Black, for McCandless.
Commissioner—R. McCutcheon, for Thompson.

THIRD WARD.

Judicial—Clem Kruter, for Hampton.
Legislative—Alderman Neubert, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Captain Gallisalth, for Ross.
Coroner—Joe McClaffiser, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Peter Dressler, for Beckert.

FOURTH WARD.

Judicial—Harry Darlington, for Ewing and White.
Legislative—R. M. Leonard, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Thomas W. Kennedy.
Coroner—Wm. Geary, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Rinehart, for Scott.

FIFTH WARD.

Judicial—W. M. DeCamp, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislature—Al. Neeper, for Anderson.

SIXTH WARD.

Judicial—Wm. Flynn, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—Daniels, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—John Richardson, for Ross.
Coroner—John Wrigley, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Beecher, for Thompson.

SEVENTH WARD.

Judicial—R. M. Snodgrass, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—James Bonebrake, for Jeremy and McCormick.
Prothonotary—Jos. A. Butler, for Ross.
Coroner—W. A. Hope, for McCallin.
Commissioner—E. C. Matthews, for Thompson.

EIGHTH WARD.

Judicial—J. J. Booth, for Negley.
Legislative—Jas. F. Moore, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Jac b H. Walters, for Kennedy.
Coroner—Geo. B. Chalmers, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Wm. Kerr, for Beckert.

NINTH WARD.

Judicial—M. Van Baalen, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—John Froelich, for Anderson and McCormick.
Coroner—James Higgins, for McCallin.
Prothonotary—Edward Riter, for Corey.
Commissioner—James Y. Irwin, for Thompson.

TENTH WARD.

Judicial—Robert Graham, for Negley.
Legislative—T. W. Taylor, for Jeremy.
Coroner—Robert Giles.
Prothonotary—Edward Beck.
Commissioner—Jack Jones, for Thompson.

ELEVENTH WARD.

Judicial—W. H. Hagan, for Hampton.
Legislature—Robt. Reed, for Anderson and McCormick.
Prothonotary—T. H. Hunter, for Kennedy.
Coroner—W. C. McCarthy, for McCandless.
Commissioner—G. W. Rankin, for Thompson.

TWELFTH WARD.

Judicial—Fleg ant precinct, Wm. Clark, for Hampton; Second precinct, Peter Messick, for Hampton
Legislative—First precinct, Thomas Rosewell, for Anderson; second precinct, Alderman Herron, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—First precinct, A. J. Cochran, for Ross; Second precinct, John Loper, for Ross —contested by John T. Duff, for Kennedy.
Coroner—First precinct, Robert Hamilton, for Cooke; Second precinct, Ali. Sowers, for McCallin.
Commissioner—First precinct, John Baker, for Thompson; Second precinct, Thomas McNeil, for Beckert.

THIRTEENTH WARD—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—Robert Inder, for Hampton.
Legislature—J. M. Hunter, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—W. W. Smith for Ross.
Commissioner—B. K. Wachter, for Beckert.
Coroner—C. W. Smith, for McCandless.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

Judicial, Second precinct—Joe Dickson, Hampton.
Legislative, Second precinct—W. R Harrison, Anderson.
Prothonotary, Second precinct—Robert Roy, Ross.
Coroner—W. R. Ford, McCallin.
Commissioner—A. H. Coe, for Beckert.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

Judicial—C. L. Magee, for Negley.
Legislative—E Davis, Jr., for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—W. B. Evans.
Coroner—W. McAdams, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Samuel White-house, for Thompson.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

Judicial—John Hoerr, for Ewing.
Legislature—W. Hessek, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—J. F. Fox, for Kennedy.
Coroner—L. F. Arensburg, for McCandless.
Commissioner—Stephen Dietrich, for Thompson.

SIXTEENTH WARD—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—David Harris, for Negley.
Prothonotary—Sessenthaler.

SIXTEENTH WARD—SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—L. Hess, for Hampton.
Legislature—G. H. Buhme, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—S. B. McElroy, for Kennedy.
Coroner—Hadden Marshall, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Squire Nessenthaler, for Thompson.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

Judicial—Henry Wightman, for Hampton.
Commissioner—W. Hessek, for Thompson.
Legislative—A. L. Pearson.
Prothonotary—Wm. Carter.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

Judicial—David Kirk, for Negley.
Legislative—Ed. Pearson, for Jeremy.
Commissioner—Williams, for Thompson.
Prothonotary—Frank Ardary.
Coroner—Davidson.

NINETEENTH WARD.

Judiciary—Thomas MacConnell, Jr., for Negley.
Legislature—J. J. Lawson, for Jeremy for Senate and Wainwright for Assembly.
Prothonotary—Frank Ardary, for Ross.
Commissioner—A. P. McWilliams, for Thompson.
Coroner—J. L. Brown.

TWENTIETH WARD.

Judicial—J. R. Baum, for Negley.
Legislative—W. R. Denubson, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Wm. Friday, for Corey.
Coroner—H. M. Baum, for McCallin.
Commissioner—A. Bates, for Scott.

TWENTY FIRST WARD, FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—J. Littell, for Negley.
Legislative—Wm. Sprague, for Anderson.
Coroner—Robert Gumbert, for McCallin.
Prothonotary—Henry Mosely, for Kennedy.
Commissioner—J. M. Brush, for Thompson.

TWENTY FIRST WARD—SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—Geo. Cook, for Negley.
Coroner—H. Keeler, for McCallin.
Commissioner—C. Stowaler, for Thompson.

TWENTY SECOND WARD—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—A. M. Stuteh, for Hampton.
Legislative—James Brown, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—W. W. Burchfield, for Swissheim and Kennedy.
Coroner—W. H. Irwin, for McCallin.
Commissioner—William Bowers, for Thompson.

TWENTY SECOND WARD—SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—D. E. Morrison, for Hampton.
Legislative.—H. A. Collier—
Prothonotary.—E J. Allen, for Corey.
Coroner.—Benj. F. Vandevort.
Commissioner.—J. H. Miller, for Thompson.

TWENTY-THIRD WARD.

Judicial—George T. Oliver, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislature—William J. Lewis, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Thomas W. Davis, for Corey.
Coroner—E. F. Anderson, for Gracey.
Commissioner—David Wilson, for Thompson.

TWENTY-FOURTH WARD.

Judicial—George Green, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislature—James Latimer, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—D. E. Weaver, for Corey.
Coroner—N. C. Cowan, for Cooke.
Commissioner—J. H. Mulholland, for Thompson.

TWENTY FIFTH WARD.

Judicial—Thomas Morris, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislature—Joseph Fairman, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Carson Mercer, for Corey.
Coroner—R. D. Bracey, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Mark Burke, for Thompson.

TWENTY-SIXTH WARD.

Judicial—James Conway, for Negley.
Legislative—Louis Heinrich, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Phillip Hoerr, for Kennedy.

TWENTY SEVENTH WARD.

Judicial—J. A. Brashear, for Negley.
Legislative—L. Fritz, for Anderson.
Commissioner—Bender.
Coroner—Black.

TWENTY EIGHTH WARD.

Judicial—Wm. Hammett, for Negley.
Legislative—Robert Scott, for Anderson.
Commissioner—P. Williams.
Prothonotary—Harry Moore.

TWENTY-NINTH WARD.

Judicial—James McDonald, for Negley.
Legislative—John Phillips, for Anderson for Senate and Hays for Assembly.
Prothonotary—E. G. Kreham, for Corey.
Coroner—Henry Speers, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Benj. McCoy, for Beckert.

THIRTIETH WARD.

Judicial—James Stark, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—R. L. Jones, for Anderson for Senate, and Hays for Assembly.
Prothonotary—H. B. Roll, for Corey.
Commissioner—Wm. Gough, for Scott.
Coroner—John Stemmler, for McCallin.

THIRTY-FIRST WARD.

Judicial—Richard Perry, for Ewing.
Legislative—Thos. Rossiter, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Geo. Jopp, for McCallin.
Coroner—Ben. Keffer, for Grace.
Commissioner—W. Girty, for Scott.

THIRTY-FOURTH WARD.

Judicial—John Appel, for Negley and Fetterman.

THIRTY SIXTH WARD.

Judicial—A. Getzinger, for Negley and White.
Legislative—Jos. Smith, for Jeremy and Thos. Reall, for Anderson, contested.
Prothonotary—H. A. Weaver, for Corey.
Coroner—S. H. French, for Grace.
Commissioner—Richard Cuddy.

Allegheny City.

FIRST WARD.

Judicial—James Caldwell was the judicial delegate elected in this ward, but there will be a contest as to his instructions, some claiming that he was instructed for Hampton, and others for Negley.
Legislative—Jos. Boreland, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—John Lawden, for Kennedy.
Coroner—Wm. Thompson, for McCandless.
Commissioner—Geo. Irwin, for Scott.

SECOND WARD.

Judicial—Wm. H. Lockhart, for Hamptonand White.
Legislative—Wm. H. Graham, for Anderson and Ramsey.
Prothonotary—Robert Patton, for B. F. Kennedy.
Coroner—Theodore Myler, for W. Cooke.
Commissioner—George B. Riddle, for Scott.

THIRD WARD—SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—George Gerst, for White, and in the first precinct Arthur Hobson for White.
Legislative—William Wettach, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—J. F. Beltsteih, for Kennedy.
Coroner—Peter Bolster, for Cooke.
Commissioner—Louis Fater, for Beckert.

FOURTH WARD.

Judicial—First precinct, David Lewis, for Negley and White; second precinct—Gust Bowers, for Negley and White.
Legislative—First precinct, Geo. Tomlinson, for Jeremy; second precinct, P. Walters, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—First precinct, William Smith, for Ross; second precinct, John Bowers, for Ross.
Coroner—First precinct, Samuel Hazlett, for for Gracey; second precinct, R. M. Blair, for Gracey.
Commissioner—First precinct, Wm. Gardner, second precinct, Geo. Duger.

FIFTH WARD.

Judicial—S. E. Johnson, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—Thos. W. Jones, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—James Caughey, for Ross.
Coroner—F. A. M. Kreps, for Cooke.
Commissioner—William McKain, for Beckert.

SIXTH WARD.

Judicial—L. P. Stone, for White and Hampton.
Legislative—James Grinnett, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—John Spear, for Ross.
Coroner—George Brown, for McCallin.
Commissioner—

SEVENTH WARD.

Judicial—G. Wettach, for Hampton.
Legislative—J. Scharfer, for Anderson.
Coroner—John Roth, for McCallin.
Prothonotary—William Schumaker, for Kennedy.
Commissioner—A. Arent, for Beckert.

EIGHTH WARD.

Commissioner—Wm. Kench, for Beckert.

NINTH WARD.

Judiciary—Blanford, for Ewing and Fetterman.
Legislative—Harris, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Harrington, for Ross.
Coroner—Canbelen, for Cooke.
Commissioner—Edmunds, for Scott.

TENTH WARD.

Judicial—Wm. Peters, for Hampton and Fetterman.
Legislative—Hugh Fleming, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Jno. Morrow, for Ross.
Coroner—John Workman, McCandless.
Commissioner—Morgan Evans, Scott.

Boroughs.

MILLVALE.

Judicial—D. Dempsey, for Negley.
Legislative—Fred. Hemnick, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—James Wible, for Corey.
Coroner—J. G. Ryland, for Cooke.
Commissioner—B. Scott, for Beckert.

M'KEESPORT.

Commissioner—Second Ward: Capt. A. B. Campbell, for Beckert.

WEST ELIZABETH.

Commissioner—Capt. Thos. Daft, for Beckert.

BELLEVIEW.

Commissioner—Col. Jno. Snodgrass, for Beckert.

TARENTUM.

Judiciary—J. Rynd.
Legislative—J. W. Hemphill.
Prothonotary—C. Miller.
Coroner—J. Dunn.
Commissioner—G. McGraw.

ETNA.

Judicial—J. W. William, for Fetterman and Negley.
Legislative—R. H. Jones, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—J. A. McQuaide, for B. F. Kennedy.
Coroner—C. D. Ochse, for McCallin.
Commissioner—John B. Batzel, for Thompson.

MANSFIELD.

Judicial—Andrew McQuettie, for Ewing.
Legislative—W. W. Wagner, for Jeremy.

BRADDOCK'S.

Judicial—J. McK. Snodgrass, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—Isaac Mills, for Anderson and Newmyer.
Prothonotary—C. C. Fawcett, for Corey.
Coroner—Wm. Speers.
Commissioner—J. H. Cooper.

CHARTIERS.

Judicial—Wm. Bayne, for Negley. Second precinct—Thomas Gamble, for Ewing.

Townships.

UNION.

Judicial—James Schoeman, for Negley and Fetterman.
Legislative—George Archibald, for Anderson and Ballentine.
Prothonotary—Christ. Steel, for Ross.
Commissioner—David Oliver, for Thompson.

CHARTIER'S.

Judicial—D. K. McGunnigle, for Ewing and Fetterman.
Legislative—Ralph Bradley, for Anderson and Ballentine.
Prothonotary—Wm. M. Irwin, for Ross.
Coroner—Captain Andy McCartney, for Gracey.
Commissioner—Ed. Sprung, for Thompson.

STOWE.

Judicial—Geo. Blazer, for Hampton and Fetterman.
Legislative—John A. McKee, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary, Thomas Sheridan, for Ross.
Commissioner—Hiram Nees, for Beckert.

ROSS—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—Danber, for Negley and White.
Legislative—Brown, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Josiah Crider.
Coroner—James Sanderson, for Cooke.
Commissioner—John Crider, for Clarke.

EAST DEER.

Legislative—John Wall, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—Robert Kennedy.

WILKINS—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—John Daizell, for Hampton and Hawkins.
Legislative—John McKelvy, Jr., for Anderson.
Prothonotary—Sol. Schoyer, for Swissheim.
Treasurer and Coroner—H. Swift, for McCandless.
Commissioner—J. S. Woodwell, for Beckert, and second precinct, William McIntosh, for Beckert.

SCOTT—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—W. B. Lee, for Ewing.
Commissioner—John Wise, Jr., for Beckert.

SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—Thomas Gamble, for Ewing.
Commissioner—Joseph Couch, for Beckert.

NORTH VERSAILLES.

Legislative—J. Parks, for Negley.
Legislative—Peter Brown, for Anderson.
Prothonotary—George M. Bowman, for Corey.
Commissioner—C. Gray.

PAWN TOWNSHIP.

Judicial—J Woodram, for Negley.
Legislative—Jno. Hunter.
Prothonotary—John Esler.
Coroner—James Lee.
Commissioner—J. Y. Humes.

LEET.

Judicial—Captain Cunningham for Hampton and White.
Legislative—Major George W. Murphy for Anderson and Christy.
Prothonotary—W. J. Meek, for Corey.
Coroner—Abram McCrea.
Commissioners—George W. Gibbs, for Thompson.

LOWER ST. CLAIR.

Judicial—Wm. Haas, for Ewing.
Legislative—John Emery, for Jeremy and Schafer.
Prothonotary—Adam Henning, for Ross.
Coroner—August Haas, for McCallin.
Commissioners—Fred. Link, for Beckert.

BALDWIN—FIRST PRECINCT.

Judicial—John Creckham, for Negley.
Legislative—John Reash, for Schafer and Jeremy.
Prothonotary—H. B. Hays, for Ross.
Coroner—Simpson Horner, for Gracey.

SECOND PRECINCT.

Judicial—Geo. McNally.
Legislative—Clark Johnson, for Jeremy.
Prothonotary—John Knowlson, for Ross.
Coroner—John Hays, for McCallin.
Commissioner—Jas. Powell, for Beckert.

ROBINSON.

Commissioner—First precinct, Wm. McKain, for Beckert; second precinct, Wm. McIlwaine, for Beckert.

KILBUCK.

Commissioner—2nd Precinct — Graham, for Beckert.

PINE.

Commissioner—Emerson Logan for Beckert.

SHALER.

Commissioner—1st Precinct—C. Bauerline, for Beckert.

THE COURTS.

Saturday's Proceedings.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

On the petition of the Pennsylvania Transportation Company, creditors, Paul N. Garfield, of Titusville, was adjudged a bankrupt, and the matter was referred to Register Rogers.

In the case of Thomas Bakewell of Pittsburgh, bankrupt, on petition presented, the trustees were allowed to pay into the registry of the Court certain moneys now in their hands, and after having done so to be discharged from said trust.

The time for filing specifications of objections to the discharge of Henry I. Miller, Esq., of Somerset county, bankrupt, was, on motion of S. M. Raymond, Esq., solicitor for Noah Bennett, creditor, extended to the 13th proximo.

George W. Schmertz, of Erie, was adjudged a bankrupt, on petition of N. Murphy, and the matter referred to Register Woodruff.

In the *habeas corpus* case of the United States *ex rel.* William Graham *vs.* Lieut. R. Norwood, the answer of the defendant was filed, and the case adjourned until this morning at ten o'clock.

Decrees of condemnation were made and writs of sale ordered to issue against the steamboats Charlie McDonald, J. Sharp, McDonald and Griffith, or number six, owned by a number of creditors, returnable the third Monday in June.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE M'KENNAN.

In the case of Roberts *vs.* Hamar, the motion to dissolve the injunction was denied. (See elsewhere.)

In the case of Roberts *vs.* the Reed Torpedo Company, the master's report was re-committed.

COMMON PLEAS.—JUDGES STERRETT, STOWE AND COLLIER.

The Court made an order appointing H. C. McCoy crier, and David Agnew, Samuel Wilson, Robert Baxter and M. B. Hartzell tipstaves of the Court of Common Pleas, at a salary at the rate of $600 per annum, until further orders, to take effect from the first day of May, 1873.

Mary Greedy, by her next friend, presented a libel in divorce from John Greedy. The parties were married in January, 1871, and lived together until the 21st of March, when the defendant deserted her. A subpœna was awarded.

In the case of Mary Jane Reymer *vs.* George Reymer, libel in divorce, and in which a decree nisi was entered on the 20th inst., and has since filed proof of wilful and malicious desertion, W. D. Porter, Esq., was appointed commissioner to take further testimony.

Elizabeth Laufman filed a petition for divorce from Frederick Laufman, on the ground of long-man treatment. The parties were married in 1869, and lived together until May 21st, 1873. A subpœna was awarded.

In the matter of the application of the German South Side Workingman's Benedical Society for a charter of incorporation a preliminary order was made.

In the case of the Commonwealth *ex. rel.* *vs.* McCullough, the committee in charge of the person of the said lunatic was directed to present a petition on which the Court directed the payment of $2,500 per annum for the support of the wife and children of the alleged insane.

Messrs. Jacob Covode, Richard Hays, George R. White, David Asper, Jr., S. G. MacFarland, William Cartwright and Alex. Speer where appointed to view certain lands over which the Lawrenceville and Evergreen Passenger Railway is to pass.

The same viewers were delegated with power to assess the damages to the property of Christian Stargo, by the construction of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—JUDGE STERRETT.

In this court the following order was made relative to the appointment and salary of court officers, in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly passed at the last session of the Legislature:

"And now, May 31st, 1873, John W. Patterson is hereby appointed Crier of said Court, to serve as Assistant Crier of the Court of Common Pleas, when not employed in the said Court of Quarter Sessions, at a salary at the rate of $800 per annum, and Frederick Falbush, Wm. L. Burkhardt, C. P. Nelson, Edward W. Timmony, and J. C. Smith, at a salary at the rate of $700 per annum, to serve till the further order of the Court, and to take effect on the 1st Monday of June. PER CURIAM.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE COLLIER.

The June term of the Criminal Court, will commence this morning, Judge Collier presiding. S. P. Fulton, Esq., will act as District Attorney, by appointment, during the absence of Col. Thomas M. Bayne, who is in Europe.

Trial List for To-day.

Com. vs. Thomas Dunn et al.
Com. vs. Andrew Mc Cann.
Com. vs. Thomas L. Birch (2).
Com. vs. F. McDonald.
Com. vs. Louis Bach.
Com. vs. M. Jones.
Com. vs. Jacob Bertman.
Com. vs. John Null.
Com. vs. John Meenan.
Com. vs. Louis Miller.
Com. vs. G. Gaudens.
Com. vs. George Regleman.
Com. vs. David Brown.
Com. vs. August Formmeyer.

FIRST EXCURSION

Over the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon New Narrow Gauge Railroad Since Its Completion to Castle Shannon, on Thursday, June 5th.

Experienced railroad men who have examined this road pronounce it among the best built roads of the country. Attend the sale of lots on above date. Enjoy the novelty of the scenery and the ride. See the new road, and purchase a cheap, convenient and desirable home. 3

Broom and Wrapping Paper Depot.

Messrs. Abdiel McClure & Co., are successors to McClellan & Co., at No. 362 Penn street. This firm have commenced business under the most favorable auspices, and, are already transacting an immense business. Their lines, and well they may, for being located as they are, almost immediately at the doors of the several freight depots of the city, and in addition to these, the capaciousness of their ware rooms, they have facilities for handling a heavy stock, which are not equaled by any other house. They have the best and largest stock of brooms, broom material and wrapping paper, in the city, and from their well known courtesy, promptness and business qualifications of the gentlemen composing this firm, we would say, that dealings with them, would be both pleasurable and profitable. Their reputation for honor, honesty and fair dealing is unquestioned. Their capacity and facilities for conducting an immense trade, are almost unlimited, making it just the place where our merchants should prefer to purchase the goods which they have for sale.

It Is No Longer

a question of shall we secure our own homes, but where shall we locate. The cheapest and most desirable property now in the market is that of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad at Castle Shannon. The lots are large, being from fifty feet front by one hundred and fifty feet deep on the line of the first narrow gauge railroad in Western Pennsylvania. This road is completed to the property, is owned by the Castle Shannon Railroad Company, and will be run to accommodate purchasers of lots. First-class cars, first-class engines, and all the accommodations of a first-class road. Their great auction sale is Thursday, June 5. Pre-excursion trains will leave Mt. Washington every hour on the day of sale.

Iron City College—Summer Sessions.

It may not be amiss to remind our readers of the fact that this popular and successful business college continues in operation the year round without vacations of any kind as is the case with all other institutions of learning. And since there is no class system pursued, but each student receives individual instruction, the summer session is peculiarly favorable for the acquisition of a business education, when the college is not so crowded with students, as it always is during the fall and winter months. Students can save both time and money by attending during the summer season, and as the rooms are light, airy and cheerful, we know of no way in which young men can spend their time more pleasantly and profitably than by pursuing a course of study here during the summer. Circulars containing full particulars can be had on application to the Principal, Prof. J. C. Smith, A. M., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The New Passenger Incline

Of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon railroad will be completed soon. The engines and hoisting apparatus are finished and ready for use. This incline will make a continuous road from Carson street to Castle Shannon, the garden spot of Allegheny county. Free passes, good for two years from their date, will be given to purchasers of lots who build residences thereon. Sale June 5th. 3

Market Farms.

The Castle Shannon Company will offer at their sale June 5th, market farms in sizes to suit purchasers. The land offered is very convenient to their finished railroad, and is only six miles from the Pittsburgh Postoffice. Great inducements will be offered to purchasers of this property. 3

Ionia Lots—Sale June 3.

Manufacturers are locating at Ionias in Verona borough. Attend the sale of Arch H. Rowand's magnificent lots, TUESDAY, JUNE 3.

Attend the Ionia Lot Sale.

Free Excursion Train leaves Union Depot at 10 o'clock, accompanied by brass band. Free lunch on the ground. TUESDAY, June 3. Go and take your families.

You Will "Miss It" if You Do.

Don't forget that the train for Homestead Park leaves Union Depot at 9 o'clock on Monday morning.

BREVITIES.

····Pickpockets were plenty on Decoration day.

····The police pay roll for May will amount to $16,766 83.

····Coroner West held thirty three inquests during the month of May.

····The rooms of the Y. M. C. A. will be closed this week for renovation.

·····Mrs. Herbst, of Allegheny, had